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ROLEX
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ISRAEL'S MOST ATTRACTIVE BALL-PEN

U.K., RUSSIA AGREE

Semi-Neutral Zone In Europe Favoured

British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan returned to London on Tuesday evening after agreeing with Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev that East and West should examine partial withdrawal of their troops and nuclear weapons from Central Europe as a means of preventing war over Berlin or Germany.

On his arrival at London Airport, Mr. Macmillan told reporters: "When I left London 10 days ago I spoke of my trip as a voyage of discovery.

"As any such voyage, this one had its moments — moments of uncertainty as well as moments of hope and satisfaction. I am sure it was a voyage which had to be taken and was well worth making."

He said he hoped to go to Washington after his visits to Paris and Bonn next week to report on the results of his probing of the Russian Premier's mind on major world issues.

(President Eisenhower has invited Mr. Macmillan to visit Washington at his convenience to discuss his talks in the Soviet Union, the White House announced Tuesday evening.)

Among the achievements of the visit to the Soviet Union was his persuading Mr. Khrushchev to agree to a meeting of Western and Eastern foreign ministers, albeit on conditions.

The dramatic break-through proposal on partial neutralization of Central Europe — sure to stir rumblings in Bonn and Washington — was revealed in a communique signed by Mr. Macmillan and Mr. Khrushchev at the end of their 10-day "little summit" conference.

The U.S., Britain and France had rejected a similar "neutral zone" proposal by Poland several years ago. But the situation changed drastically when Russia announced its determination to hand over its responsibilities in Berlin to the East German regime. It seems that Mr. Macmillan failed to budge the Russians on this.

The two leaders admitted that they were "unable to agree" on the immediate Berlin issue. But Mr. Khrushchev did join in a significant pledge of "early negotiations" on Germany to save "peace and security in Europe and throughout the world."

At a press conference prior to his departure, Mr. Macmillan said he believed there will be further discussions to reach agreement on his three-point proposal for closer Anglo-Soviet relations.

Over 200 Soviet and foreign journalists attended the press conference at the Moscow Journalists Club. Radio, television and newsreel reporters were also present.

Mr. Macmillan said we have to work steadily forward towards some settlement of the major problems in Central Europe.

"In the meanwhile, and I am sure Mr. Khrushchev would agree with me, it is not a good rule of life to make new friends by abandoning old ones."

Asked whether the American threat to preserve the occupation regime in West Berlin would not increase tension, he replied, "Obviously the question is one which has dangerous implications. We have not shrunk from them."

On leaving Moscow by Comet IV jet airliner, Mr. Macmillan bade his host "All the best," in Russian. Mr. Khrushchev shouted back: "God speed and au revoir."

A top-level secret conference of the Soviet Communist Party leadership appeared to be taking place in Moscow immediately before the joint Anglo-Soviet communique was signed. Many government limousines stood outside the grey, six-storey building of the Central Committee headquarters at noon. A stream of cars kept making the short journey from party headquarters to the Kremlin, where Mr. Khrushchev has his office.

The meeting fitted in with the belief in British circles that the Macmillan visit had induced Soviet leaders to review their timetable for the development of relations with East Germany on the basis of an early peace treaty.

(Reuter, UPI)

Khrushchev to Speak In East Germany Today

LEIPZIG, East Germany (UPI). — Eastern diplomats predicted that Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev may bring with him on Wednesday (today) a new proposal designed to avert a clash over Berlin.

It was thought that he might outline the Soviet position to be taken at the Foreign Ministers' conference which the Soviets proposed Monday night in notes to the Western powers.

US Satellite Off Towards Moon, Should Orbit Sun

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The U.S. fired its Pioneer IV satellite towards the moon on Tuesday and the tiny robot soared higher than any American-made object, en route to join Russia's Lunik I in an orbit around the sun.

The 13.4 pound gold-plated satellite, blasted aloft by a 60-ton Juno II Army rocket, had climbed 84,800 miles by 1600 G.M.T. and was still rocketing along at 6,518 miles per hour.

Its height exceeded the 71,300-mile peak reached by the Air Force Pioneer I lunar probe last November 11, and was far beyond the 63,580-mile plateau of the army's first moonshot last December 6.

Although slightly off course, the satellite was expected to pass within 35,000 miles of the moon — a miss of 20,000 miles from the planned trajectory. Its closest approach to the moon is expected at 1900 G.M.T., Wednesday, when its speed will have been cut to 3,500 miles per hour.

Fast Enough

The space vehicle has ample velocity to go into an orbit around the sun, scientists said.

Its speed at launching from Cape Canaveral, Florida, at 0510 G.M.T. was 24,890 miles per hour. This was 305 miles per hour more than needed to escape the backward pull of the earth's gravity and the tug of the moon's gravity field.

The scientists said Pioneer IV will go into a solar orbit somewhat larger and more elongated than that of the earth's. The space vehicle, like the earth, they said, will take about a year for each trip around the sun.

Scientists said U.S. ground stations may be able to track the radio-equipped robot for a distance of 300,000 to 400,000 miles from the earth.

The robot's batteries are expected to last about 30 hours after passing the moon, 221,000 miles away.

Meanwhile, the U.S. Discoverer I experimental satellite apparently is circling the earth every 98 minutes in a polar orbit, according to the U.S. Air Force Ballistic Missile Division.

The Air Force's announcement on Monday noted that "sporadic signals" from the satellite "tend to confirm that an orbith as been obtained."

Sapir Calls for Assembly Of Jewish Investors

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The time has come to convene a great Jewish assembly to launch an Investors Movement on the scale of the United Jewish Appeal and the Bond Drive, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, Minister of Commerce and Industry, told the Knesset on Tuesday.

He was presenting the budget of his Ministry, which amounts to IL5,593,000. This is the same amount as that proposed in the Government draft, no changes in the overall figure having been made by the Finance Committee.

"We need Jewish energy and Jewish capital, know-how and industrial experience. If we go about the task in the right way the group which can help supply these needs can expand our industry considerably," Mr. Sapir said.

He revealed that his Ministry intends to set up a business rating service along the lines of Dun and Bradstreet which would furnish trustworthy information to potential investors.

In the near future the Government would present to the Knesset a bill making the Law for the Encouragement of Investment even more attractive than it is. The amount of Government loans promised to approved enterprises rose from IL12.9m. in 1957 to IL78.9m. in 1958, Mr. Sapir said. Government loans in 1958 constituted 38 per cent of total investment.

Last year, the Investment Centre had begun to take a more active role in encouraging investments. Instead of passively waiting for investors to come forward and then setting forth conditions and granting special benefits, the idea now was to seek out potential investors.

Accordingly, the activities of the Investment Centre's representatives in the U.S. have been expanded, and a representation was about to be set up in South America as well.

As in the past, it is the Government's intention to continue to encourage the establishment of industries in development areas, with loans constituting a high percentage of the investment capital.

The Israel Industrial Institute is now negotiating with public and private bodies in Europe and the U.S. for investments in the Institute in the form of both stocks and bonds. (The Institute was founded last year by Government, leading banks, the Manufacturers Association and the Histadrut.)

Currency Controls

Although the Government at the present stage is not in a position to relinquish all controls over foreign currency and capital transfers, it should certainly aim at the abolition of import controls, Mr. Sapir said.

He noted that even the countries of Western Europe have not gone the whole way in lifting foreign currency controls. It would be inconceivable for a country now in the process of development.

Discussing the importance of increasing exports, Mr. Sapir said it was essential to achieve greater labour productivity and lower production costs in all branches of industry, and with the co-operation of all groups engaged in the production process.

"Until now, we have done only part of what we should do with regard to labour productivity, as compared with other countries," Mr. Sapir declared.

For the most part the increased output per worker already achieved had been due to factors other than the direct efforts of labour or management: the greater number of workers, the tremendous increase in investment per worker, in capital, in new equipment, and in the greater use of electricity and automatic machinery.

On the other hand, Mr. Sapir pointed out that the switch from controls to liberalization was not simply a change of policy: it had been made possible by the rise in agricultural and industrial production.

During the past year, the country's stocks of foodstuffs had been built up considerably; this was especially true with regard to wheat, fats, sugar, meat, rice and fish fillet. In this field, the Government was planning not in terms of weeks or months but in terms of a whole year in advance.

Defends Price Cutting

The Ministry would in no instance agree to let a wholesaler withhold his products from a retailer because the latter cuts prices. It would not hesitate to import similar products if this was done, even if the retailer involved was the supermarket.

Sufficient funds would be made available to artisans to enable them to put up buildings on an area of 20,000 sq. metres. Many artisans in Tel Aviv and elsewhere now did their work under deplorable conditions, and this additional area should do much to increase output and improve the quality of the product.

Industrial production rose (in current prices) from IL1,525m. to IL1,700m. during the past year; the real increase in fixed prices was over 10 per cent. There was likewise a considerable rise in the number of industrial workers — from 121,000 in the middle of 1956 to 145,000 today.

Whereas in the past the country's industry had concentrated on consumer goods, it was now advancing to the manufacture of production goods, Mr. Sapir said. Examples were the manufacture of machines for producing metal products, foodstuffs and paper products.

Five booklets prepared by the Ministry were tabled in the Knesset, as supplements to the Minister's speech. They are reports on (1) industrial equipment acquired through Reparation funds, (2) the industrialization of development areas, (3) loans for development of industry and crafts, (4) loans for kibbutz industries and (5) loans from the Development Budget in relation to increased turnover and development.

Makarios to See Grivas; EOKA Arms for Gov't

NICOSIA. — A meeting at a secret *rendezvous* between Archbishop Makarios and Colonel George Grivas, the Greek Cypriot underground leader, is imminent, Greek Cypriot sources report. The sources said this was disclosed by the Archbishop himself to members of his entourage.

At a press conference on Tuesday, however, the Archbishop stated he has neither seen nor heard from Grivas, but he said he was sure Grivas was alive and in Cyprus.

The Archbishop said arms of the terrorist EOKA organization will soon be collected under British direction and stored until the new Cyprus Government is formed.

Reports were that Sir Hugh was standing firm on his refusal to permit Grivas to appear publicly in Cyprus and receive the applause of the citizens. One source described the Governor's attitude as "very stubborn."

The official statement on the amnesty terms affecting Grivas, issued last Friday, said that special arrangements would be made for his safe conduct to Greece, along with any aides he wishes to take with him.

(Reuter, UPI)

(Leader — Page 4)

Riots Sweep Nyasaland As Congress Outlawed

27 Killed; MP Deported

At least 22 Africans were believed to have been killed by police in three separate incidents in Nyasaland on Tuesday in the midst of riots which swept this protectorate following the imposition of a state of emergency.

British officials arrested at least 149 officials of the African National Congress and took the two top leaders out of the protectorate by plane. A Labour Member of the British Parliament was forcibly deported by plane from nearby Northern Rhodesia as a "prohibited immigrant."

Security forces fired into a crowd at Nkata, on Lake Nyasa, killing 17 persons and wounding at least 13. The crowd had attempted to release prisoners being held under the emergency regulations.

In Blantyre, police opened fire on rioters, killing three and wounding two. At Karanga, in the north, Tanganyika police on duty in Nyasaland fired into a crowd of 2,000 persons, killing two and wounding seven.

It was officially announced that Dr. Hastings Banda, top African leader, and H.B. Chipembere, a chief lieutenant, had been removed from the protectorate to Southern Rhodesia.

The Governor, Sir Robert Armitage, declared that the emergency measures were necessary because the African leaders were "bent on pursuing a course of violence, intimidation and disregard of lawful authority."

Under the regulations, he said, anyone who joins the African National Congress is liable for as long as 14 years in prison and anyone who retains his membership, up to seven years.

Forcibly Expelled

In Northern Rhodesia, Mr. John Stonehouse, Labour M.P., struggled briefly as he was put aboard a plane at Lusaka Airport and taken to Tanganyika. Last weekend he was declared a "prohibited immigrant" after speeches to Africans in Southern Rhodesia.

In the House of Lords in London, Lord Home, the Minister of Commonwealth Relations, declared that the Government of the Rhodesia Federation was "within its legal rights" in expelling Mr. Stonehouse. He was questioned by Viscount Alexander of Hillsborough, Leader of the Opposition.

Cries of "shame" greeted British Colonial Secretary Alan Lennox-Boyd in the House of Commons as he announced the state of emergency in Nyasaland and the deportation of Dr. Banda and other A.N.C. leaders.

He declared the action was necessary in the interests of all the races in Nyasaland. A debate was scheduled.

(Reuter, UPI)

BOLIVIANS RIOT OVER 'TIME' STORY

LA PAZ (UPI). — Anti-American mobs surged through the streets of La Paz and Oruro on Monday in a furious protest against a "Time" Magazine report that U.S. authorities here believe Bolivia and its problems should be divided up among its neighbours.

The rioters stoned the U.S. Embassy in La Paz and the U.S. Information Service libraries here and in the tin-mining centre of Oruro.

Police fired on the mob in La Paz, without announced results. One Bolivian teenager was reported killed and two wounded in another incident involving a clash between students and "unidentified gunmen." The mob, shouting "Down with American Imperialism," burned an American flag in the streets, set fire to two Embassy cars and burned every copy of "Time" it could find on local newsstands.

The rioters dispersed after President Hernan Siles, in a personal appearance, had appealed to them not to "act like hysterical women," but the city was still tense. Angry crowds of night school students circulated through the streets during the evening.

France Compromises With Former Colonies

PARIS (UPI). — Leaders of France's former African colonies agreed on Tuesday to relax their demands for a greater say in directing their own affairs.

Negro Premiers of the 12 former colonies represented in the new French Community wound up two days of talks with President Charles de Gaulle in what informed sources said was a "very favourable" atmosphere.

A communique issued after the session of the Council of the Community said that the "integrated unity" of foreign and defence policy in the community had been agreed upon.

This means that the African republics will be consulted by France in matters concerning them, but diplomatic representation for the Community overseas will remain in French hands.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi speaking to new immigrants from East Europe in Haifa Port yesterday. The newcomers disembarked from the s.s. Messapia.

Photo by Tauber

Eban Leaves Foreign Service for Politics

The Israel Ambassador to Washington and Permanent Representative at the U.N., Mr. Abba Eban, has tendered his resignation from both posts and his resignation has been accepted by the Prime Minister acting for Foreign Minister Golda Meir who is abroad.

The exchange of letters between Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Eban was released simultaneously in Washington and Jerusalem on Tuesday night.

Mr. Eban has represented Israel (and before that the Jewish Agency) before the U.N. since 1948 and was appointed Ambassador to the U.S. in 1950. He will return to Israel following the Independence Day celebrations this May and will leave the foreign service to enter politics.

In his letters of February 11 and 12 to the Prime Minister, Mr. Eban recalled his conversations with him and Mrs. Meir concerning his desire to enter public life in Israel. He expressed his appreciation for the "encouragement which you both gave to me in my aspiration to enter this new sphere."

Mr. Ben-Gurion added that Mr. Eban had also been called upon to conduct Israel's political struggle, which has not yet ended, "against the blockade of the Suez Canal and on behalf of free navigation in the Straits of Eilat."

U.S. Interest

The Ambassador went on to point out the great importance attached to the fact that "the U.S. has a positive interest in Israel's independence and integrity and regards the preservation of her sovereignty... as one of the tenets of American foreign policy," and expressed his gratitude for being accorded the privilege of representing Israel in the U.S. during the period when these friendly relations were evolved. He also expressed his appreciation and emotion at having represented the new State of Israel before the tribunals of the U.N. from the first year of independence.

In his reply, Mr. Ben-Gurion expressed the deep regret of the Government and of the citizens of Israel at Mr. Eban's relinquishing his two offices, in view of the unexcelled "ability, inspiration, respect and prestige" which have attended his mission as Ambassador to the U.S. The Prime Minister noted the "impressive tact and success" with which Mr. Eban conducted negotiations with American leaders "both in times of grave tension and controversy and in times of harmony and agreement." Mr. Eban, the Prime Minister declared, in his political and economic — discussions with the U.S. Government, and in the practical achievements that arose from these discussions, had enhanced Israel's prestige, fortified its security and consolidated its economic position.

With Heavy Heart

It is not with a light heart that the Government has decided to accept Mr. Eban's resignation, Mr. Ben-Gurion concluded, noting the difficulty entailed in replacing him in his posts. Fully realizing to what extent Mr. Eban's activities abroad have weighed in the scales of Israel's security and standing, the Prime Minister nevertheless declared his confidence "that the destiny of Israel... will be determined primarily by what is done in Israel."

May Enter Cabinet

Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Mr. Eban is expected to join the Cabinet to be formed after next November's elections, it is reliably learned in Jerusalem. After his return to Israel in May, he is expected to take an active part in the Mapai election campaign. The proposal to nominate him Minister without Portfolio for special assignments is based on the assumption that Mrs. Golda Meir will agree to continue as Foreign Minister.

Until a new Ambassador is appointed for Washington, the Minister, Mr. Ya'acov Herzog, will be Chargé d'Affaires. The permanent appointment will be part of the discussions on new ambassadorial appointments to the three major Western capitals — Washington, London and Paris, which are expected to take place at the Foreign Ministry within the next few weeks.

The resignations of Ambassador Ya'acov Tsur and Ambassador Eliahu Elath now in Paris and London, respectively, are also expected to be announced.

The name of Mr. Maurice Fischer, Assistant Director General of the Foreign Ministry, and head of its European Division, has been mentioned for the post in Paris, which he held once before.

Mr. Eban's double post in the U.S. is likely to be split. If no prominent political figure is available for Washington, Mr. Herzog may possibly be appointed Ambassador, while Mr. Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry is thought to have been offered the U.N. post.

The resignation of Mr. Shimon Peres from the post of Director-General of the Defence Ministry has been postponed until June at the request of the Prime Minister, it was reliably learned. Mr. Peres, who is expected to become Deputy Minister of Defence following the elections, will be replaced by Mr. Asher Ben-Nathan (Arthur), the present head of the Defence Ministry's European Mission in Paris.

No specific Ministerial assignment has been proposed yet for Aluf Moshe Dayan, who is also expected to join the next Cabinet, as part of a plan to promote the leadership of younger members in Mapai. It is understood that some time ago a post which would coordinate Negev development projects was suggested for Aluf Dayan although details of such a new Ministry were not discussed.

Israel's Permanence Assured, Eban Says

PHILADELPHIA (INA). — Israel has reached a point in history where her permanence is assured, Ambassador Abba Eban declared Monday night at a dinner launching the 1959 Allied Jewish Appeal here.

"Surely," Mr. Eban stated, "thoughtful Arab minds must now be reading the signs reflecting the futility of a policy based on the fiction of Israel's impermanence."

ADENAUER TO PARIS

BONN, (Reuter). — The West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer on Tuesday night left by special train for Paris for talks with President de Gaulle. The train is expected in Paris at eight a.m. GMT today.

ISRAEL BIDDING FOR U.K. REACTOR

LONDON (Reuter). — Israel is negotiating for the purchase of a British atomic reactor, the Israel Ambassador in London, Mr. Eliahu Elath, said on Tuesday.

Mr. Elath was speaking at London Airport just before he left with Mrs. Elath for a fortnight at home.

He said his visit was primarily a private one but he would take the opportunity of discussing with his Government a number of questions, including buying textile and other machinery from Britain.

He said discussions have been going on with a British firm for the purchase of an atomic reactor but he added, "I cannot in my capacity say much about it now. It is a pretty expensive proposition."

On his arrival at Lydda Airport Tuesday night, Mr. Elath said he had come to participate in the sessions of the Board of Trustees of the Rothschild Fund. He will also participate in talks concerning his post.

'Sergeants' Coup' Foiled in Panama

PANAMA CITY (Reuter). — A "Sergeants' revolt," aimed at overthrowing Panama's President, Ernesto de la Guardia, has been foiled, Colonel Bolivar Vallarino, Commandant of the National Guard, announced on Tuesday.

Colonel Vallarino moved in swiftly to crush the plot less than 48 hours before it was to be implemented on Wednesday morning. About 30 National Guardsmen and four civilians have been jailed.

The Colonel said the plotters, mostly National Guard sergeants, planned to take over the Guard and seize Panama City's airport. They then intended to march on the Presidential Palace and replace President de la Guardia with Vice-President Temistocles Diaz, who has long been a political foe of the President.

Vice-President Diaz is not, however, accused of having had direct knowledge of the planned coup.

The National Guard is Panama's only armed force and control of it is vital for control of the state.

Tito and Karamanlis Silent on Balkan Pact

RHODES, (Reuter). — A joint communique issued Tuesday night after two days of talks between President Tito of Yugoslavia and Greek Premier Karamanlis said close relations between Greece and Yugoslavia had progressed "to such an extent that they offer wide possibilities of reaching agreement on specific topics."

This was a reference to the task of four joint commissions which have been working for the past year in Belgrade and Salonika on financial, frontier and cultural matters.

Observers noted that the communique did not mention the Balkan Pact signed in 1953 by Greece, Yugoslavia and Turkey.

12 Cubans Executed; Riots Over Acquittal

HAVANA. — Twelve Army men of the Batista regime were executed on Monday and 22 others were sentenced to death by different courts on charges of war crimes.

In Santiago, hundreds of persons demonstrated Tuesday against the decision of a three-man revolutionary tribunal to acquit 43 airmen charged with "genocide" for bombing and strafing civilians during the Cuban revolution.

Prime Minister Fidel Castro said his Revolutionary Government will intervene to upset the verdict which he termed a "great error" and a "service to Batista."

The prosecution had demanded the death penalty or stiff prison terms for the 43 airmen. *(Reuter, UPI)*

Sholom Aleichem Fete in Moscow

MOSCOW (Reuter). — A big reception here Monday night opened the observance of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Sholom Aleichem. It was under the sponsorship of the Writers' Union, the Committee for the Defence of Peace and the Ministry of Culture.

More than 2,000 persons, the majority of them Jewish, attended the affair, held in the Hall of Columns in the Trade Union House.

Speakers included the writers Boris Polevoi and Vsevolud Ivanov, who gave an introductory talk on the life and works of the great Yiddish writer. They were followed by the poet Samuel Marchak, who read a poem written especially for the occasion.

Aron Vergelis and Samuel Galkine recited extracts from Sholom Aleichem's works.

Paul Robeson, the American Negro singer, gave a recital of a number of Yiddish works plus a song dedicated to the Warsaw Ghetto.

A thousand copies of Sholom Aleichem's works were sold at the reception within a few minutes.

Tunisia Plays Truant From Arab League

The Secretary-General of the Arab League, Abdul Khalek Hassuna, has been directed to go to Tunisia at the close of the League's current council meeting in Cairo to determine why Tunisia was not represented at the meeting, Baghdad Radio reported Tuesday night.

It will be his task to persuade Tunisia to return to the League's activities. The meeting began Monday. One of the main items of the 45-subject agenda is immigration to Israel of Jews from East Europe.

Brazilian Plane Crash Kills 18

RIO DE JANEIRO, (Reuter). — A Brazilian Air Force C47 transport plane with 18 persons, including two children, on board crashed Monday near Caravellas on the Brazilian coast 400 miles northeast of here. There were no survivors.

9 Children Drown In Georgia Bus

TIFTON, Georgia (Reuter). — A school bus overturned and fell into a pond near here on Tuesday. First reports said nine children were drowned.

President Greets Newcomers On Arrival in Haifa Port

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER, Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — A party of 140 immigrants from Rumania who arrived in the s.s. Messapia were given a Presidential welcome at the port on Tuesday morning. They were met on disembarking by Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Zvi, who spoke with a number of the newcomers.

Addressing the excited immigrants in Yiddish over the port's loudspeaker system, the President told them that the Government and the people of Israel would do all they could to help them settle down. "But you must also help yourselves," Mr. Ben-Zvi added. "I want to bless you all. You are now among brothers and friends." He urged them to learn Hebrew as soon as possible.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi were accompanied by their acting Aide, Sgan-Aluf Michael Keren, and by Mayor Abba Khoushy, Mr. S.Z. Shragai, head of the Jewish Agency's Immigration Department, Mr. A. Cygiel, director of the Absorption Department, Mr. K. Levin, head of the department in the North, Mr. Amos Landman, the Port manager, Mr. A. Selinger, Northern District Police Chief, and other senior officers. As the party mingled with the immigrants in the passenger hall the President stopped to talk to several of them, asking them their trades, their places of origin and especially about their knowledge of Hebrew.

One of them, 53-year-old Israel Korn, a former wire manufacturer, told the President that he was delighted by the welcome. "We thank God that we have arrived at last." He has close relatives in Israel and he is settling with his family in Jerusalem.

Mrs. Ben-Zvi told another family, who are settling in Dishon village on the Northern border, that they would find life difficult at first. "But we will all help you."

Timber Storeman

Mr. Jonah Weiss, 35, a former timber storeman, who arrived with his wife and two daughters, told the President that he had come from a small town with about 100 Jewish inhabitants, remnants of a community of several thousand. He had learned some Hebrew and had agricultural training on a *hachshara* farm that was closed by the Rumanian Government in 1949. He is settling in Kibbutz Gesher and was "happy to be in our own land and to be able to live and work freely."

The President told him: "You have come to your own people. If you really want to you will soon be able to settle down. But you newcomers must also help each other, because nothing can replace self-reliance."

Dr. Kalman Pachter, a physician, who arrived with his wife, a teacher, and their child, told the President that of about 6,000 Jewish doctors in his country, almost all want to come here. Mrs. Ben-Zvi said to Mrs. Pachter: "I thank you for bringing a son like yours to Israel." Mrs. Pachter replied: "That was always my dream."

When Mr. Yosef Segal, a tanner, said that in Israel he wanted to become a farmer, Mrs. Ben-Zvi said: "We need more like you." The Segal family is settling in Dishon.

Of the 140 newcomers, 13 families are settling in farming villages, 10 in Jerusalem, eight in Naharlya and four in kibbutzim.

On Monday night the President met Mayor Khoushy to discuss absorption problems. After welcoming the immigrants he was greeted by the Port Workers.

Ben-Gurion Reports On Immigration

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Prime Minister on Tuesday reported on immigration to the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee. It is understood that special attention was paid by the committee to the possible effects of Arab propaganda on future immigration. The committee members are also believed to have commented on what was termed the "somewhat irresponsible manner" in which the press treated the early news of the current immigration wave.

Mr. Ben-Gurion also reviewed in brief his talks with General von Horn on the proposed U.N. border study.

Moroccan King Sets French, UAR Visits

RABAT (Reuter). — King Mohammed V of Morocco is scheduled to visit both President Charles de Gaulle of France and Colonel Nasser of Egypt, it was reported on Tuesday.

Socialist Youth Seminar Opens

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KFAR SABA. — The first International Seminar for Socialist Youth opened at Beit Berl, near here, on Tuesday with participants from 20 countries in four continents. The six-week seminar is organized by Mapai.

The Secretary-General of Mapai, Dr. G. Josephthal, stressed the importance of youth education as a means of defeating cynicism and social indifference which had spread amongst the younger generation, especially in Europe. A collective attitude was of even greater danger to the developing republics of Asia and Africa which have only now received their independence. Youth education would help to convert the growing generation into an active and productive section of these developing countries, Dr. Josephthal declared.

Delegates from India, Burma, Tanganyika, Luxemburg, Nigeria and Jamaica took part in the ensuing discussion. Most of the delegates are 24 years old and are leaders in student and socialist youth movements.

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on the death of your beloved
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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi on Tuesday received the officers and members of the Executive Council of the Hebrew University at Beit Hanassi. Among those present were the President of the University, Prof. B. Mazar, Prof. M. Evenari, Dr. Helena Kagan, Prof. A. Dvoretzky, Mr. R. Barkatt, Mr. E. Gelber, Mr. Y. Aran, Mr. I. Hofman, Mr. G. Liebes, Mr. A. Klier and Mr. A. Resher.

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Dr. Miriam Freund, Mrs. Esther Gottesman, Mrs. Rebecca Sieff, Mrs. David de Sola Pool, Mr. and Mrs. D. Leonard Cohen and Rabbi Charles Bender were the guests of honour at a Hebrew University luncheon given on Tuesday by the University President, Professor B. Mazar. Other visitors to the Hebrew University yesterday included Prof. Charles T. Fritsch, Professor of Old Testament at the Princeton Theological Seminary, N.J., and a U.J.A. Young Executives Group from Atlantic City.

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A reception for a delegation of United Israel Appeal leaders from France was held at Beit Shalom in Jerusalem on Monday night by the U.I.A. Office in Jerusalem. The visitors were greeted by Mr. J. Milbauer. Mrs. J. Schulman, of Paris replied.

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Rabbi Charles Bender, of Montreal, Chairman of the J.N.F. in Canada, has arrived in Israel for consultations with the Head Office. He is accompanied by his sister, Miss Mabel Bender.

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Dr. Harry Seidin, noted oral surgeon of New York, and Dr. Daniel Verne, of Mt. Sinai Hospital, Cleveland, will lecture, respectively, on "The Removal of Impactions" and "Infections of the Head and Neck Due to Dental Disease" at 8 p.m. today, in Lecture Hall "A," Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

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Dr. Umberto S. Nahon will deliver a lecture on "The Mortara case — A Hundred Years Later," under the auspices of the Dante Alighieri Society, Jerusalem, at Terra Sancta at 8.30 tonight.

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BIRTH

BOURLA — To Susan, wife of Mr. Oded Bourla — a son, Tamir, brother to Leeron.

Dutch Envoy Visits Yad Vashem Exhibition

The rising of the Dutch people against the Nazis was recalled yesterday during the visit of the Ambassador of the Netherlands, Jonkheer Johan Q. Bas Backer, to a special exhibition in the Yad Vashem library in Jerusalem. The visit was supposed to have taken place on February 25, the anniversary of the general strike called by the Dutch underground in protest against the Nazi conqueror's brutal treatment of Dutch Jews. It was postponed, however, until yesterday because of the inclement weather in the capital.

In addition to photographs, books and documents that are on show, there are on display copies of "Anne Frank's Diary" in all the languages into which it has been translated, of the diary of 14-year-old Moshe Flinker which has recently been published by Yad Vashem, and the manuscript of the diary.

Among those accompanying the Dutch Ambassador were the Second Secretary of the Dutch Embassy, Mr. J.G.N. de Hoop Scheffer; the Israel Ambassador in Holland, Mr. Hannan Cidor, and senior Foreign Ministry officials.

The visitors were received by Professor Ben-Zion Dinur, the Chairman of the Yad Vashem Council, and Mr. Y. Melkman, director general of the Yad Vashem Authority.

THE MINISTER of Interior has decided to annex to the Acre Municipality the nearby agricultural experimental station and school following the recommendations of a committee of enquiry.

Tnuva, Hamashbir To Be Streamlined

POST Labour Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — The next step in the reorganization of the Histadrut economic sector will be taken on Thursday, when central policy-making bodies of Mapai are due to take up proposals for the streamlining of Tnuva, Hamashbir Hamerkazi and the retail cooperatives, *The Jerusalem Post* learned.

The proposals have been formulated by a special committee of enquiry into Histadrut marketing, headed by the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir, which set out on its task nine months ago. The Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. P. Lavon, predicted the reforms in these bodies in his keynote speech at the 71st Histadrut Council.

The committee's report includes far-reaching proposals for the decentralization of the organisational structure of these concerns, it is learned. Tnuva is due to be split up into four or five sections with their own managements, possessing financial autonomy. Similarly, regional managements will be set up in Tnuva and their representatives would be co-opted onto the central board of the marketing agency. One important reform proposed is to enable individual settlements to choose not to use Tnuva, without affecting their membership rights in the Histadrut as a whole.

Greater autonomy is envisaged for the various departments of Hamashbir Hamerkazi. The report proposed the establishment of a national administrative centre for the IL40m. Hamashbir factories, instead of the present arrangement where each regional manager also controls the operation of the Histadrut manufacturing plants. Hevrat Ovdim circles told *The Jerusalem Post* that it was highly possible that the present general manager of Hamashbir, Mr. Y. Efter, will head the proposed industrial centre.

Less far-reaching reforms are envisaged in the report for the retail cooperatives. The self-service system will be introduced on a considerably wider scale and more supermarkets will be set up under a joint partnership of Tnuva, Hamashbir and the cooperatives.

Comment was not forthcoming from heads of Tnuva or Hamashbir when approached by *The Jerusalem Post*. It is understood that pressure is being exerted by both these concerns behind the scenes. One of Tnuva's managers said "the details of the proposals may be modified considerably before any final decision is taken."

Yugoslav Group Due For Talks on Tire Purchases

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A delegation of representatives of transport concerns and automobile assembly plants in Yugoslavia is expected to arrive early next week on the invitation of the Shimshon and Alliance tire factories to open negotiations for the purchase of Israel-made tires in 1959.

Combined exports of these two concerns to Yugoslavia rose from $2,239,000 in 1957 to $3,113,000 last year. It is hoped that as a result of this delegation's visit, export of Israel tires to Yugoslavia will show a further marked increase.

Piccadilly Cafe Co. In Receivership

HAIFA.—The company which operated the Piccadilly Café and night-club on Mt. Carmel is being liquidated. The District Court Judge, Mr. Etzioni, has appointed an official receiver at the request of the Municipality and the Labour Council whose respective claims for IL3,000 taxes and IL4,000 in wages the company cannot meet. The company also owes other creditors about IL30,000.

One of the partners left Israel some time ago to settle in Germany.

MAMMOTH—

In seven months, Kure's NBC shipyard has completed the world's biggest ship, the tanker Universe Apollo (above), at 104,520 tons. It's one-fourth as big again as the Queen Elizabeth. The Universe Apollo, built for 5,000 million yen (nearly £5m.), will be used by the Idemitsu Kosan Co. for carrying oil between the Persian Gulf and Japan.

Express Photo

Phone-Stamp Booth A Failure

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Construction of combined public telephone booths and stamp-selling depots is to be discontinued because the sellers, whose main function is to guard the telephones against damage, are frequently absent from their posts.

"The scheme has not been a success," the postal authorities told *The Jerusalem Post* on Tuesday. The watchmen-cum-sellers are veterans engaged through Hameshakem, an agency providing employment for the aged. Though they are seldom at their booths, they nevertheless collect their commission of 30 pruta on each call, it was said.

With widespread wilful damage in public telephone booths — many of which are out of order — the Ministry of Posts is now working on a prototype of a new glazed booth which, because of its transparency, might handicap vandals. It is planned to put up the new booths in a few months' time. Their number has not been decided on and will depend on current needs.

A consignment of coin boxes for the booths has been ordered from abroad by the Ministry.

Postal Pilfering Probe Promised

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The postal authorities are conducting an investigation into cases of alleged pilfering of parcels from abroad complained of by readers of *The Jerusalem Post*.

The Director-General of the Ministry of Posts, Mr. H. Ben-Menahem, declared on Tuesday that although he had not heard of any other complaints of this kind, he had instructed the Director of Postal Services to open an inquiry which would be completed with the maximum speed. Post office security officers were constantly on the watch, he added, but the possibility of a loophole somewhere will be investigated.

Film on Israel Gets Bonn Federal Award

BONN. — The documentary film "Paradies und Feuerofen" has been distinguished with a federal award totalling 30,000 marks.

The 90-minute technicolor film on Israel was produced by cameraman Herbert Victor last year. Its premiere will take place this summer during the International Film Festival week in Berlin. It will then be distributed to 700 movie theatres throughout the Federal Republic.

Recently the prize-winning film was given a private showing before President Theodor Heuss and Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, receiving their enthusiastic applause. *(INA)*

A PERMANENT committee has been chosen by the Keren Hayesod Directorate to work out basic policy on the sending of emissaries abroad, it was announced. Chairman of the five-man committee is Mr. Baruch Zuckerman.

World Ship Building at New High Despite Complaints of Low Rates

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Low shipping freight rates do not appear to have dampened the spirits of the bulk of the world's shipowners. According to a summary of the world output of merchant ship construction, published last month by Lloyd's Register of Shipping, launchings in 1958 reached 9.3m. tons, "the highest figure ever recorded except for the war years 1943 and 1944."

For the third consecutive year, Japan has built more ships than any other country, 416 of just over two million tons.

It is also the only one to have suffered a reverse; its 1957 total was 2.4m. tons. It also built the four largest ships launched in the world during the year, and one of them, the "Universe Apollo," for an American bulk shipper, was at 69,100 tons gross (104,520 tons deadweight) the largest vessel afloat except for the passenger liners "Queen Elizabeth" and "Queen Mary."

But all other shipbuilding countries expanded their output, and one even doubled it — Yugoslavia, a newcomer in the industry.

"It is only during the past few years that this country has placed her shipbuilding industry on a firm basis, and her output has steadily increased to a total for 1958 of 22 ships of 138,447 tons," Lloyd's Register of Shipping stated.

The leaders in the field, well behind Japan, are, by order of output, Germany, 1.4m. tons; Sweden, 760,206; U.S.A., 732,381, with a gain of 373,375 tons over 1957, the biggest gain anywhere; Netherlands, 555,697; Italy, 550,795; and France, 450,986.

Oil tankers represented 52 per cent of the world's output of ships, as compared with 45 per cent in 1957 — a figure all the more surprising in the light of the protracted slump of tanker rates in the past two years.

In 1958 429 tankers totalling 4.7m. tons were launched, over 900,000 tons more than in 1957. Of these, 25 per cent were built in Japan, 13 per cent in the U.S., and 12 per cent in Britain.

Much of the tonnage has been built for foreign accounts and sail under foreign flags.

That of Liberia is still the most attractive. In 1958 1.6m. tons were added to the merchant fleet registered in that country.

Britain and Northern Ireland are next with 1.35m. tons; closely followed by Norway with 1.33m. tons.

By far the biggest exporters of ships are Japan and Germany, with 1.2m. and 853,000 tons respectively.

Up-and-coming Yugoslavia sold abroad 90,259 tons of ships, still ahead of France and Ireland. Norway was the biggest buyer of ships last year — just over 1m. tons — and was the country with the most shipping tons per population.

CHURCHILL. — Sir Winston and Lady Churchill arrived at London Airport on Monday night after their North African holiday.

Dutch Firm May Build Shipyard in Haifa

HAIFA. — An agreement on the construction of a shipbuilding yard here is expected to be signed with a Dutch company this week.

One of the chief difficulties foreseen is that of getting the Labour Council to agree to grade shipyard skills so as to keep production costs internationally competitive.

'Y' Plans Improvements For Tiberias Camp

Plans for the improvement of the Jerusalem Y.M.C.A. camp and hostel near Tiberias were announced yesterday by Dr. Albert B. Franklin, chairman of the Association's Advisory Council.

The plans include construction of a small chapel and new rooms to increase the bed capacity, and installation of electricity. During 1958, 1,757 guests were put up at the Tiberias hostel.

Improvements are to be made possible through contributions from "Y" supporters in Israel. This is to provide part of the campaign now under way to raise IL-50,000, of which a major part is to go to a new YMCA building in Nazareth. Mr. A. E. Ambrose, director in Israel of Barclays Bank, is chairman of the Jerusalem Committee for the campaign. Help is also being given by the YMCA's of the U.S. and Canada through their Buildings for Brotherhood programme to develop YMCA facilities in 33 countries.

The extent of the 1958 programme of the Jerusalem Association was revealed in the 1958 participation report released to committee members last week.

The report shows that total attendance at all activities during the year reached 373,941. The "Y" library issued 27,720 books. Attendance at evening classes was 21,503. A total of 49,776 schoolchildren and Hebrew University students made use of the "Y" gym, swimming pool and field.

YIDDISH ACTORS. — Two well-known Yiddish actors, hailing from Riga, Abraham Ya'acov Chash (Grodner), and N. Kaddisch-Chash, are among recent repatriates from the Soviet Union, "Folks-Sztyme" reports in Warsaw.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Alba, Bion Square, 3703.

TEL AVIV: Breiman, 56 Allenby, 62352. Merkaz Hazafon, 200 Ben Yehuda, 22923. Orah, 99 Dizengo, 23320. Avrahami, 9 Erlinger, near central bus station. Yany, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 62474. JAFFA: Jaffa, 10 Yefet, 82700. RAMAT GAN: Lifshitz, 19 Herzl, 71771. PETAH TIKVA: Ressel, Rothschild Herzl RISHON LEZION: Strachilevich. REHOVOT: Klibner, 21 Teller, 95-1341. HOLON: Ribak, Kikar Struma. NATANYA: Hamegen.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Steinitz, Rehov Shimon Ben Shetach, 5788. Dr. Garsi, Rehov Avner, Greek Colony, 5851. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi. TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748. Dr. Har-Even, 35 Sheinkin, 25411. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff. Dr Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51347. HOLON: Dr. Dokor, 12a Shikun Amami, Tel Gibborim.

Old Age Grants To Grow to 8,000

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The number of monthly grants to the aged from the joint fund attached to the Ministry of Welfare is to be increased from the present 6,000 to 8,000 until the end of the coming fiscal year. This was decided at a meeting this week of the fund's management in Jerusalem.

The enlargement was made possible by a 40 per cent increase in the fund by its partners, the Ministry of Welfare, the Jewish Agency, Malben, and local authorities.

Nearly 11,000 persons will benefit from the grants, some of which are given to couples. As in the past, the grants will be awarded only to those in dire need and under the care of social welfare bureaus. The increase will be effected in stages and only by the latter half of the next fiscal year will the figure of 8,000 be reached.

Apart from this, a plan is being studied for the allocation of another 1,000 old age grants to immigrants now arriving. It is presumed that only the Ministry, the Jewish Agency, and Malben would participate in this phase.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

ARRIVALS: KLM 835 from Amsterdam and Rome at 2130. BEA 126 from London, Rome and Athens at 2230. Air France 138 from Paris and Rome at 0025. (Thursday). TWA 800 from New York, Paris, Geneva, Milan, Rome and Athens at 0050 (Thursday). Cyprus Airways 32 from London, Rome, Ankara, Istanbul and Nicosia at 0055 (Thursday). Swissair 330 from Zurich and Athens at 0055 (Thursday).

DEPARTURES: Cyprus Airways 25 to Nicosia, Athens, Zurich and London at 0800. Air France 127 to Rome and Paris at 1100. El Al 413 to Zurich, Paris and London at 1130. Air France 135 to Teheran at 0125 (Thursday).

Sport 'Round The World

By Reuters' Correspondents

LIVERPOOL. — Mutual Friend won the Waterloo Cup, the English "classic" of the 2,000 year old sport of greyhound coursing. Mutual Friend, owned by Mr. M. Forsyth Forrest, was whelped 13 months ago and has never been beaten on the coursing field. Victory in six courses spread over three days at Altcar near here, left him the sole survivor of the original Waterloo Cup field of 64, and gained his owner a cup presented by the Earl of Sefton and £1,000 prize money.

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DORTMUND. — Herbert Carper, an American soldier stationed in Germany, clocked six seconds to equal the world's performance for the 60 yards sprint at an indoor athletics meeting here.

• • •

PARIS. — Reims, the French First Division club, reached the European Soccer Cup semi-finals here when they beat Standard Liège (Belgium), 3-0, in the second leg of their quarter final tie, giving them a winning 3-2 goal aggregate.

• • •

DAVOS.— Hanna Walter, 18-year-old Viennese girl, won the European Women's figure skating championship here, with a total of 1597.4 points. After her (in order) were: Sjoukje Dijkstra (17, Holland) 1568.9 pts.; Joan Haanappel (18, Holland) 1561.8.

New French Law Bans Pre-Trial Comment

PARIS (UPI). — A drastic reform of France's penal code took effect on Monday, putting the damper on crime news and clamping a news "brown-out" on sensational cases like the headline-making "Lacaze Affair."

The reform placed a cloak of secrecy on all legal investigations unless and until they reach the court-trial stage.

It outlaws verbal comment on investigations by judges and all other professional personnel involved. Penalties for violation include a fine of 12,000 to 70,000 franc ($24 to $142) and imprisonment for one to six months.

The reform is aimed at protecting the rights of the accused, but French newspapermen have protested it will hamper their efforts to keep the public informed.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

2.30, 6.45, 8.45

ARNON: Battle of the V.1.
EDEN: The Brothers Karamazov.
OR GIL: Around the World in 80 Days. 4, 8.30.
ORION: La loi c'est la loi.
ORNA: In Love and War.
RON: Indiscreet.
SEMADAR: The Cranes are Flying.
ZION HALL: Tosca.
TEL OR: Carmen.
EDISON: The Old Man and the Sea.
STUDIO: La sorcière.

TEL AVIV

2.30, 7.15, 9.15

ALLENBY: Jacobowsky and the Colonel. 2.30, 7, 9.30.
ARMON DAVID: Orders to Kill.
CHEN: God's Little Acre.
EDEN: Dance of Love, 2.30, 6.45, 8.45.
ESTHER: High School Confidential.
HOD: Perfect Furlough.
GAT: Christine.
MAXIM: Christine.
MOGRABI: The Key. 2.30, 7.15, 9.30.
MIGDALOR: Nathalie.
OPHIR: Hot Spell.
ORION: Marjorie Morningstar. 2.30, 7, 9.15.
PEER: Incognito.
SHDEROTH: Designing Woman.
TAMAR: The Truth About Women.
TCHELET: When Love Begins in Warsaw. 2.45, 7.30, 9.30.
TEL AVIV: The Inn of the Sixth Happiness. 2.15, 6.45, 9.30.
YARON: The Docks Ran Red.
ZAMIR: Charmants garçons.
ZAFON: Les jeunes maris.

HAIFA

2.30, 6.45, 9

ARMON: Les amants.
EN DOR: Land Unknown.
ORLY: An Angel Passed in Brooklyn.
AMPHITHEATRE: Sing Boy Sing.
ORAH: Le gorille vous salue bien (Secret Service Agent No. 1).
ATZMON: All Mine to Give.
MIRON: Opening shortly.
GAL OR: I Died A Thousand Times.
ORION: The Great Dictator.
MORIAH: No Time for Sergeants.
PEER: The Man Inside.
MAY: La chatte.

RAMAT GAN

RAMAT GAN: A Night to Remember. 2.45, 7.15, 9.30.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

MARCH 3, 1959

Exp. Loan 1949/59 (11.50)	95½
4% Comp. Loan '58/67	71
Pal. Rentes 3rds 'Ser. I	96
3½% Comp. Loan	67½
3½% Travel Debts a)	97½
4% Reg. Sterling "A"	103
Def. Loan Bonds 62½ f)	101
4% Def. Bonds f)	103
3½% Def. Bonds g)	101½
3½% Loc. G. Debs. f)	102½
4½% Loc. G. Debs. g)	103½
Pal. Elec. pref sh. (Ldn.)	305
4½% Bonds 58/63 f)	107
ditto g)	113½
Keren Hayesod 5½% Deb 58/63 f)	103½
ditto g)	105
6% Deb. 59/63 f)	103½
ditto g)	105½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 58/63	103½
Hassco 6½% Deb. 58/64 Class "A" f)	103
Class "B" g)	103½
Hassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	94
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	168
Bearer Savings Cert. '5	97½
Bk. Leumi Investment Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	130
Ata ord 'B' sh.	85½
"Hardanah" ord. 'B'	85½
6% con. debs. 59/63	84
"Tera" ord sh.	93
Pal. Cold Sts. (IL10.-) reg.	117
Amer 6% debs. 58/63	83½
Nir 6% pref sh.	90½
Geo Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	90½
6½% Debs. 61/63 f)	2/5½
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	81½
Pal. Tel. Inv. ord sh.	58½
Mailer ord. sh. reg.	1080
Pal. Brewery 6% con debs	81½
Assis Rajarano "B" sh.	69
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	117
Pal Potash "A" ord. sh.	87½
Dead Sea Works	221
Delek ord. sh. "C"	107½
Jordan Exploration Co. Ord. sh. reg.	64
G.U.S.—Rassco Ltd. 6½ debs 61/63 (bearer) f	103
Housing Loan, "A" 59/63 4½% (bearer) f)	100½
Housing Loan, "C," 60/63 6%reg. g)	99½
Office Ltd. 6% Debs. 61/64 (bearer)	102½

Notes: a) purchasing price. c) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) linked with $; g) linked with ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) C.o.L.: x) in % of IL1,000.

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S. Ered (Pachnik), Tel Aviv—3rd Prize

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" A: Adina & N. Kenaan, Ramat Gan
" A: M. Cohen, Tel Aviv.
Purchase B: Carmela & N. Shani, Tel Aviv.

The designs are being exhibited at Beit Hamehandes, 24 Rehov Shabtai Levy, Haifa, until Sunday, March 8, between 4.30 and 7 p.m. daily.

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Where to go

• Meet the Israelis —
Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• Zoo:—
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 8-6.
• Film shows: —
Israel Films daily, 11.30 a.m. Keren Hayesod Hall.
• Tours:—
Hebrew University: conducted tour in English, daily at 12 noon. New University Campus.
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
• Theatre: —
"A Touch of the Poet." Edison, 9
• Exhibitions: —
Bezalel National Museum, 9-1; 2.30-6. Fridays 9-1; Saturdays 10-1. Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art; Gifts from England and other recent acquisitions; Far-Eastern Art (from the Jacob Pins collection); Children's Gouaches; Archaeological pieces: Samples of primitive sculpture.
Margrit Eichelberg: gouaches, pastels, drawings, collages and mosaics. Paintings by 10 Israel Artists. Nora Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1, 3-6.
New finds from excavations of the French Archaeological Mission at Beersheba. Chalcolithic Ossuaries from Azor. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. 9-1, 3-5.

TEL AVIV

• Theatres:—
Habimah: "The Merchant of Venice," 8.
Cameri: "A Doll's House." 8.
Ohel: "Black Sabbath", matinee, 3.30.
• Variety: —
Olympia Music Hall with Amalia Rodrigues. Ohel Shem, 8.30.
• Exhibitions: —
Exhibition of seventeenth century Dutch art, Helena Rubinstein Pavilion of the Tel Aviv Museum, 10 a.m.-10 p.m.
Modern Art in Israel. Artists' & Sculptors' Gallery. Beit Hamlin, 26 Rehov Weizmann, 10-1, 4-7.
• Tourist Service :—
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 22239.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 26825. 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
• Zoological Gardens: —
Open between 8 a.m.-5 p.m. daily.
• Z.O.A. House:—
Association of Americans and Canadians Annual Convention, 9 a.m.
Tourist Service (9 a.m.-9 p.m.).

HAIFA

• Tourist Service:—
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliyah Offices, 22 Rehov Hehaluts, Tel. 67963.
• Exhibitions:
Works by Artists of Haifa and North, Chagall House, 24 U.N.O. Ave., 10-1, 4-7 (except Fridays). Consumer Goods Exhibition; Leather Products. Industrial Design Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, Haifa. 10-1, 4-7.

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FIRST PROGRAMME
521, 249, 38.5 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.30, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.
6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.
11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Delibes: Excerpts from "Coppelia"; Grieg: "Holberg Suite"; Dukas: "The Sorcerer's Apprentice"; Brahms: Hungarian Dance No. 6. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.15 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Light Music, played by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conducter: Heinz Freudenthal. 1.45 "Where to Go?" 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.
4.30 p.m. News in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.30 "Oriental Troupes". 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Talk by Y. Shearl. 6.45 Hebrew Language Corner. 7.20 "Ron Ami". 7.35 "Regavim" — Agricultural Bag. 7.55 Cantoral Request Programme. 8.25 The Medical Science. 8.50 Bible Reading: Yehezkel, Chap. 35 & 36. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 "Hansel & Gretel" — musical show. 10.00 Vocal Recital by Naomi Pinkas (Soprano) and Yaakov Roden (Tenor): Duets by Mascagni and Verdi. 10.30 Light Tunes, played by Pnina and Haim Navoni (Accordeons). 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
423, 469, 282.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Israel Composers: Music to Israel Films: Paul Ben-Haim: "Hill 24 Does Not Answer"; Karol Rathaus: "Out of Evil" 6.30 Mishna Lesson. 6.50 B'Ohalot Torah.
7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Hebrew - Ladino Lesson. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Rumanian. 9.15 Hungarian. 9.30 Polish. 9.45 News in English. 10.00 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
497 & 41.97 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 8.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15 and 6.30-11.15 p.m. Persian 5.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 Topical Talk—Moshe Pearlman. 6.45 "Land of the Bible."
Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Topical Talk. 10.30 Newsreel.

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Request Favourites. 7.00 News. 7.15 Troupe Songs. 7.30 Light Music Quiz. 8.00 "Among the Flags." 8.30 Programme on I. Berlin. 9.00 News. 9.15 Weekly Symphony Concert: Works by Handel, Beethoven & Respighi. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.80, 16.84 & 24.80 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Talk, Matters of Jewish interest.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.): Voice of America: 9.00-11.00 p.m. Light Music & jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 456 M.): 7.45 a.m. News. 12.30 p.m. Midday Melodies. 1.30 News. 4.30 Broadcast to Schools. 7.00 News and Commentary. 7.15 "Discorama." 10.00 The Billy Cotton Band Show. 10.30 Dance Music. 11.00 News.

THE HAIFA SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

CORRECTION

Youth Concert No. 4

will take place on Thursday, March 12, 1959

at 4.30 p.m., Orah Hall and not on March 5, as published by mistake.

Particulars on municipal advertisement boards.

Limited number of tickets available at the orchestra's office, 15 Rehov Ahad Ha'am.

Mizrachi Women's Organization of America
invite you to tour their projects and visit their tourist clubs at:
TEL AVIV: 16 Ben Yehuda St. Tel. 20181
JERUSALEM: 60 Rashi St. Tel. 2046
HAIFA: 25 Arlosoroff St. Tel. 6251

Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Scattered showers in the morning, becoming partly cloudy.

Weather Synopsis: Weather gradually improving owing to the penetration of a ridge of high pressure from Russia to our region.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	61	0	7	9
Tiberias	74	8	14	15
Haifa Port	58	4	15	15
Natanya	67	4	15	15
Tel Aviv Kirya	48	4	14	15
Lydda Airport	42	2	15	15
Lyddo Airport	42	2	15	15
Jerusalem	36	1	9	10
Beersheba	49	3	13	14
Sdom	30	7	18	19
Eilat	26	6	19	20

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today

Rainfall (in mm.)

	A	B	C
Tel Aviv Port	1.1	290.9	516
Tel Aviv Kirya	0.9	371.9	533
Rehovot	2.1	403.9	544
Mt. Cana'an	4.6	563.5	738
Jerusalem	1.7	347.8	587
Tiberias	2.5	300.3	456
Beersheba	0.1	144.7	200

A.—Rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. Tuesday.
B.—Total since August 1, 1958.
C.—Average annual rainfall.

ARRIVALS

Mr. and Mrs. Abe J. Miller; Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Herman; Mr. Shmuel Dorfman; Rabbi Nandor Fruchter, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rosen, all young U.J.A. executive leaders from Indianapolis, to tour the country.

Mrs. L. Kaufman, a daughter of Sholom Aleichem, from New York, for a two month visit, during which she will participate in the Sholom Aleichem centenary celebrations. (by El Al).

Prof. and Mrs. Norman Bentwich, for a two-month visit, from London. (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., for a month's tour of Western Europe on behalf of the United Israel Appeal. (by El Al).

Dr. Yosef Burg, M.K., for the U.S., on a month's tour on behalf of the U.J.A. (by El Al).

Mr. David Hacohen, M.K., for a month's visit to the U.S. on behalf of the U.J.A., (by El Al).

Dr. H. Riskin, export manager of Pan Chemicals Ltd., for a tour of Mediterranean countries in connection with the firm's export drive, (by Olympic Airways).

THE REMAND of Shalom Shalit, 56, of Kfar Saba, who is suspected of the attempted murder of his wife when he shot at her in a Tel Aviv dress shop but missed, was extended yesterday by the Relieving President of the Tel Aviv District Court, Judge M. Kennet.

Knesset Passes 1st Reading Of IL1,478m. Budget Draft

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset on Tuesday passed the first reading of the draft Budget for 1959-60. The vote was along Coalition-Opposition lines, except that the Aguda and Poalei Aguda factions were absent.

The original budget, tabled in December, amounted to IL1,336m. The additions presented by Finance Minister Levi Eshkol last week totalled IL142m., in addition to IL50m. expected from the Jewish Agency.

Excluding the Agency portion, the budget now amounts to IL1,478m.

Winding up the debate, Mr. Eshkol said that he himself had favoured an outright tax in preference to the compulsory loan, but the Cabinet had decided otherwise.

He said the budget was based on the assumption that the sum of IL50m. would be forthcoming from world Jewry. (This is the IL50m. expected from the Jewish Agency.) However, we did not know whether this amount would actually be made available.

He charged that the same General Zionists who today sing the praises of a voluntary loan yesterday mocked the voluntary system, calling it a return to *kofer hayishuv*, the self-imposed "tax" paid by the Jewish community under the Mandate. If the voluntary loan had failed, it was circles close to the General Zionists that must bear the bulk of the responsibility, he said.

On Monday, Mr. Israel Rokach, G.Z., charged the Mapai "Committee of 13" with responsibility for the failure of the voluntary loan, since it had begun to discuss the possibility of a compulsory loan or a tax while the campaign for the voluntary loan was still going on.

When the voluntary loan was first floated, Mr. Eshkol said, the Government had hoped that it would be fully subscribed to by the end of March.

Meanwhile, it had become clear that there would be at least twice as many immigrants as had been originally anticipated. Without assured sources of revenue, the Government could not undertake so tremendous an operation as bringing to Israel tens of thousands of immigrants.

Speaking in the debate, Mr. Akiva Govrin (Mapai) said that his party wished the new Speaker, Mr. Nahum Nir, success in his new task and promised their cooperation.

Referring to the proposal made on Monday by Dr. Yohanan Bader (Herut) that an all-party "Absorption Authority" be established, Mr. Govrin said that absorption was not an activity carried out in a vacuum. In effect the Government, and even the entire economy, constituted an "absorption authority," he said. But in any case, Mapai would not cooperate with Herut in any area, he added.

THE ISRAEL Standards Institute has recently published standards for fire extinguisher fillers.

Nir Raises Question Of New Deputy

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The new Knesset Speaker, Mr. Nahum Nir, yesterday raised in the Presidium the question of the election of a new Deputy Speaker to replace him. Until his election, Mr. Nir was a Deputy Speaker representing Ahdut Ha'avoda in the Presidium.

It is learned that a debate took place in the Presidium on whether the decision of the Third Knesset to elect eight Deputy Speakers meant that a total of eight must be maintained even if a Deputy vacates his post.

The Presidium yesterday decided to defer decision on the question, pending clarification of the legal aspect.

Dispute Expected

If it decides that the post must be filled, a dispute is anticipated between Mapai and Ahdut Ha'avoda as to which of them is entitled to the Deputyship.

Ahdut Ha'avoda maintains that Mr. Nir represents the entire House and not his party, therefore they are entitled to a Deputy to represent them. Mapai argues that as the late Mr. Sprinzak was a member of Mapai, they are now entitled to compensation in the form of another Deputy.

Mapai now has two Deputy Speakers (Mr. Yeshayahu and Mrs. Idelson). It turned over to Mr. B. Mintz (Poalei Agudа) a third Deputyship which it could have kept for itself. The following parties have one Deputy Speaker each: Herut, General Zionists, National Religious, Mapam and (until Mr. Nir's election as Speaker) Ahdut Ha'avoda.

Meant to Assure Level Of Childrens' Books

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Z. Aranne, said in the Knesset on Tuesday that the Ministry together with the Teachers Association, had founded a publishing house for issuing children's books in order to assure a high standard of reading material for youngsters and to serve as a good example to other publishers.

Repyling to a question, Mr. Aranne said that the Shaharit publishing house, in which the Ministry has invested IL45,000 and the Association IL15,000, would publish up to 24 books a year and would distribute and sell them in the schools on a non-profit basis.

Representatives of the Publishers Association had already been notified that the Ministry would allow other publishers to distribute books in the schools if the quality and price were suitable. In view of the fact that Shaharit would issue 24 books a year as compared to the 1,300 volumes published annually by Israel publishers, it was "ridiculous" to charge that Shaharit would wreck Israel publishing, said Mr. Aranne.

Stable Currency Needed For Foreign Investments

A leading member of the visiting Belgian delegation of bankers and industrialists, Prof. M. Fernand, declared at a dinner party given in the delegation's honour in Tel Aviv on Tuesday that monetary stability and the prevention of inflationary developments were prerequisites for attracting commercial investments from abroad.

The members of the delegation were the dinner guests of the Governor of the Bank of Israel, Mr. David Horowitz. Among the guests were the Belgian Ambassador, M. Amhoury Holvoet, and the Israel Ambassador to Brussels, Mr. Gideon Rafael.

French Executives At Weizmann Institute

REHOVOT. — The Weizmann Institute was host on Tuesday to a delegation of French industrial executives and mining experts concerned with the development of French territories in Africa.

The group, which was accompanied by officials of the Israel Foreign Ministry, was told about the Institute's contribution to the development of the State by Prof. Joseph Gillis, of the Institute's Department of Applied Mathematics and Dean of the Graduate School of Science.

Members of the Belgian mission, which is in Israel as guests of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, also visited the Institute on Tuesday.

How Much You Will Pay

The bill authorizing the Government to float a compulsory loan was tabled in the Knesset yesterday. It is entitled the Absorption Loan Bill. The Government expects to raise IL40m. from the loan. It is to be re-paid over a period of 10 years, starting five years after the date of issue. It will be linked to the Consumers Price Index and will pay 4 per cent interest. The interest is not linked, although the principal is.

Following is a table showing monthly payments to the Compulsory Loan. The Ministry of Finance spokesman was unable to supply calculations on payments, and the table below is unofficial. It lists payments on gross income up to IL600 monthly for 12 months.

Gross monthly Income	Single	Married	Married with 1 child	Marring with 2 children
IL 200	IL 4.500	IL 3	Exempt	Exempt
250	6	5	IL 4	Exempt
300	8.500	7	6	4.500
350	11.500	9	8.500	6
400	13.500	12	11	8.500
450	16.500	15.500	13	11.500
500	19.500	16.500	15.500	13.500
550	21	18	17	16
600	23.500	21	20	19.500

T.A. Founders at Jubilee Fete

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A solemn Municipal Council session on Tuesday, March 10, will open the Jubilee year, commemorating the growth of Tel Aviv from a suburb of Jaffa to Israel's largest city.

Twenty-six of the city's surviving founders, many of them already in their eighties, will attend the session in the house of the first Mayor, Meir Dizengoff, which is now the Municipal Museum.

The President and the Minister of the Interior, as well as Knesset Members, the diplomatic corps and leading dignitaries of all the communities in Israel are to participate in a public ceremony on Monday evening, March 9, in the Mann Auditorium. The Israel Philharmonic Orchestra under the baton of M. Jean Fournet, and Hanna Rovina, of Habimah, and Hanna Meron, of the Cameri Theatre, will participate in the evening programme.

Mayor Haim Levanon told a press conference on Tuesday that the mayors of Liverpool and of East London, South Africa, are expected to visit Tel Aviv during the Jubilee year. Groups of Jewish mayors from all over the British Commonwealth are also reported to be arranging visits to Israel.

The highlight of the year will be the Tel Aviv Jubilee Fair that opens on August 19. It was originally scheduled for the middle of May, but was postponed at the request of a number of municipalities abroad who intend to participate. The London County Council and Amsterdam and Toulouse have said they will send representatives to the celebrations.

The main building at the Jubilee Fair, the "Tel Aviv Pavilion," will cover some 1,200 square metres and be roughly hemispherical in shape, similar to the synagogue building on the Hebrew University campus.

Tel Aviv citizens were asked to decorate their houses and display the National flag in a special proclamation published today. Prizes will be awarded to shops with the most attractive window displays.

JPA Mission Sees Immigrants Arrive

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The members of the Joint Palestine Appeal-Keren Hayesod study group from Britain on Tuesday came face to face with the problems of immigration — the prime purpose of their mission — when they watched the arrival of newcomers aboard the s.s. Messapia. They saw President Ben-Zvi welcome the immigrants in the port, and then boarded the ship and talked to some of the 140 new arrivals.

The members of the mission were told that emigration from East Europe was becoming increasingly difficult because of the high fees charged for passports and other documents. Some immigrants said they had only just managed to scrape the necessary cash together, selling all their belongings to raise the money. Their flats had to be repaired and renovated at their own expense before being handed over to new tenants.

The British delegation travelled to Givat Trumpeldor, in Nahariya, together with some of the newcomers who were allocated apartments there. Most of the flats were not yet quite completed when they moved in.

Later the J.P.A. mission visited the Yemin Orde Youth Village, a British Youth Aliyah project, where they were met by Mr. Norman Jacobs, formerly of Manchester, who is vice-chairman of the management committee. They also toured Technion City and called on the Labour Council.

In the evening the visitors met Haifa members of the National Executive of the Hitahdut Olei Britannia.

Solution to Beersheba Deputy Mayor Issue

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — A way out of the impasse over the appointment of Mr. David Hacham (Mapai) as third salaried Deputy Mayor here, was found on Tuesday. Mr. Hacham's nomination was opposed by Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda, and the Minister of Interior, Mr. Bar Yehuda, informed the Municipality that the appointment of a third salaried Deputy Mayor was illegal.

Mr. Hacham will now become salaried Deputy Mayor in place of Mr. Yosef Maimon, of the National Religious Party, who has agreed to serve as unsalaried Deputy Mayor. He will receive his salary in future from the local Religious Council. Mr. Hacham will also resign as director of the Municipal Social Welfare Department.

Forced to Cross Lines, Boy Says

TEL AVIV. — A statement to the police by the 16-year-old son of Hasin Mohammed Abdul Rahim of Tira, claiming that he was forced to cross over into Jordan at gunpoint and there saw Yosef Zemach handing over information to Jordanian officers, was admitted into the record on Tuesday in the spy trial being heard before the District Court.

The boy, his father and 19-year-old brother, Mahmoud, are being charged with espionage for Jordan. Counsel for the defence objected to admission of the statement as evidence, claiming that it was obtained under duress when the boy was held in an isolated cell and beaten. The majority of the Court decided, however, to admit it. The Court is composed of Judges Avissar, Gavison and Malhi.

In his statement, the boy said that he was working in his father's field near the border when he saw Zemah and Mahmoud el Hitly (who is also being held for espionage) crossing the border. He said that he was then forced by a Jordanian officer at gunpoint to cross the border, and to swear never to reveal what he had seen, or he would be killed. He was later returned across the border but did not tell anyone of what had happened until Zemah came to his house a fortnight later and promised his family that no harm would come to him. Hearings were postponed until April 8. *(Itim)*

JAILED FOR GIVING ENEMY INFORMATION

HAIFA. — Hassan Assadi, 21, of Acre was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment in the District Court Tuesday on a charge of passing information, likely to be of use to the enemy, to the Lebanese authorities.

He crossed into the Lebanon last year and was later returned.

Rabbi Ben-Ya'acov Buried in Bnei Brak

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BNEI BRAK. — Rabbi Zalman Ben-Ya'acov, M.K., who died at the age of 62 of a heart attack in Jerusalem on Monday, was buried here yesterday afternoon next to the grave of the sage, "Hazon Ish." Thousands of mourners joined in the funeral cortege after the procession of cars arrived from Jerusalem.

The funeral left in the morning from the offices of Agudat Yisrael in Jerusalem. The Chief Rabbis, Cabinet Ministers, the Knesset Presidium headed by the Knesset Speaker and many M.K.s were in the funeral party.

Wadi Flood Victim Buried in Beersheba

BEERSHEBA. — The victim of Monday's drowning in Wadi Shalale, Shmaryahu Hazan, was buried here today.

Police also announced that they would launch an investigation into the causes of the accident in which the tender in which Hazan was riding was submerged by the waters of the wadi.

ANTI-SEMITE. — The Rome Appeals Court on Tuesday upheld a prison sentence of eight months imposed on Count Vanni Teodorani, Mussolini's nephew by marriage, for publishing an article held to justify the war-time killing of Jews.

American Settlers Ask Same Financial Aid Given Others

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Several hundred American and Canadian immigrants, temporary residents and tourists, crowded into the Z.O.A. House on Tuesday night to hear a sharp-edged discussion on immigration problems of North Americans.

The discussion highlighted the opening session of the 8th annual convention of the Association of Americans and Canadians in Israel. A dinner for 250 delegates representing the 6,000 immigrants from North America was held earlier.

Bringing greetings of their departments and later facing pointed questions were Mr. Zalman Shragai, head of the Jewish Agency Immigration Department; Mr. Yosef Goldin, Deputy Director-General of the Interior Ministry, and Mr. Haim Golan, head of the Western Immigration Department of the Jewish Agency.

Mr. Carl Alpert, Association President, charged that American immigrants were not benefiting from financial aid from the Agency to the same extent as other immigrants, and this prevented many from coming here.

Mr. Alpert criticized the Ministry of Interior for making difficulties for "temporary residents" from North America. He took issue with the Jewish Agency for sending "insulting notes summoning settlers to report at Agency offices" before they could leave the country even if going abroad on official missions or on visits.

Mr. Shragai claimed that the Jewish Agency spent much more on aiding immigrants from North America than from other countries. "You can quote me that there has not been a single case of a North American immigrant who has not come here because he did not get the help of the Jewish Agency," Mr. Shragai said. In answer to another question he said it took often a year or so of difficult times here before Americans became thoroughly integrated.

"A temporary resident cannot expect to retain that status permanently," Mr. Goldin said. He thought that in three years or so a person should decide whether he wished to become an immigrant or not. The category of "temporary resident" was created for the benefit of students, specialists and others, who came here for a few years with the intention of returning to their homes.

Amidar Cuts Interest Rates on Mortgages

TEL AVIV. — The Amidar housing company on Tuesday announced a reduction in its interest rate on mortgages from 6.5 to 4.5 per cent.

It also announced that mortgage terms will be extended to between 16 and 22 years, according to the type of flat. The company hopes to induce more new immigrants to purchase their flats under these easier terms.

Maki Bid to Revive 'Popular Front' Fails

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

Another Communist bid to revive the activities of the "Popular Front" (formerly the "Arab Front") failed on Tuesday when a seven-man delegation, headed by the well-known Haifa lawyer and Communist leader Hannah Nakara, attempted to call on the Presidium and the House Public Contact Committee without following the recognized procedure.

The delegation, which also included Mr. Mahmud Sarugi, from Acre, and Mr. Isam Bassi, from Haifa, entered the Knesset as guests of Mrs. Esther Vilenska M.K., of the Communist Party, and immediately afterwards demanded a meeting with the Presidium on matters concerning the Military Government. Mrs. Vilenska brought the delegation's request before the Presidium, which referred it to the chairman of the Public Contact Committee, Rabbi Mordechai Nurock. However, as requests from public delegations first have to be submitted to the committee in writing, the group was turned away after the proper procedure had been made clear to them by the Knesset Sergeant at Arms S/A M. Hazor.

When the delegation asked to be received by the major Knesset factions, only Mr. Hanan Rubin, of Mapam, agreed to meet them.

Since there have been no incidents or disputes involving the Military Government in the Arab-populated areas during the past few months, well-informed Arab quarters interpreted the Popular Front's action on Tuesday as an attempt by the Communist Party to halt the growing defection of leading Arab members of the Front.

Blood Donors Help Save Soldier's Life

As a result of a good response by blood donors to an urgent radio request for blood belonging to rare groups (AB Rh-minus), last week, the soldier who 10 days ago had lost a great deal of blood from a gun shot wound in the leg, was on Tuesday declared out of danger in the Hadassah Ziv Hospital, Jerusalem.

The response by volunteers made it possible to operate an artificial kidney unit. As a result of his injury, the patient's own kidneys had ceased functioning, endangering his life.

The unit, the only one of its kind in regular use in Israel, was put into operation twice, each time for a six-hour stretch. By Tuesday the soldier's blood was purified and his own kidneys began working.

Schoolboy's Hoax Keeps Police Busy

The Jerusalem police were on Tuesday sent on a wild-goose chase as the result of a kidnap scare in the Tachkemoni School in the Meker Baruch quarter.

The police were called by the school's principal when one of his students returned to class late and said that he had been kidnapped, blindfolded, put into a sack and finally thrown into a foxhole in a field near the Romema Quarter.

Trackers, police dogs and patrol cars went out to the site to investigate but when several discrepancies cropped up in the boy's story he finally admitted that the whole tale was a hoax and was meant as an excuse for returning late to class.

Most Voter Notifications Already Sent Out

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Some 685,000 notifications to voters for the forthcoming general elections had been posted by Monday, the spokesman of the Ministry of Interior reported on Tuesday. Voters registers of 2,352 of the 2,499 polling districts have been printed, covering 1,135,000 names of voters.

The Minister of Interior, Mr. Y. Bar-Yehuda, has fixed the rules governing the display of voting registers. The rules will be published today in a special issue of the Official Gazette.

Under the regulations, the Minister of Interior is to appoint a senior official in each local authority to be responsible for displaying the registers. The appointment will be made from among a number of candidates suggested by the head of the local authority who must name the candidates within three days after the regulations have been gazetted.

The person appointed will then choose others to be in charge of displaying the voters register in their locality.

Phones in Jerusalem Still out of Order

It will take several more days until all the telephones out of order in Jerusalem due to the stormy weather are repaired, the spokesman for the Ministry of Posts said in Jerusalem on Tuesday.

Asks Court to Evict J'lem Artists

Aluf Moshe Dayan on Tuesday submitted to the Jerusalem Magistrates Court a note signed by him in 1949 when he was Military Commander of the City informing the Jerusalem Artists Association that it could take over the quonset hut near the King David Hotel, which is today known as the Artists House.

Aluf Dayan appeared in Court during hearings on a claim submitted by the Greek Orthodox Patriarch of Jerusalem, Benedictus I, asking that the Association vacate the hut as it is located on part of a 65-dunam tract owned by the Patriarchate (the tract includes the site of Herod's Tomb).

Officers' Club

The quonset hut had been used as a British officers club during the Mandate. After being held by the Custodian of Absentee Property because of the Patriarch's residence in the Old City, the property was several years ago returned to the Patriarchate, counsel claimed. The artists had never received a permit from the landlords to the premises, which includes a small garden, it was claimed.

Counsel for the artists claimed in Court that the Association took over the hut legally. In his note to the Court, Aluf Dayan explained that the areas near the border, as well as other areas evacuated by British forces, were then being held by the Army. He did not remember if the question of the hut's ownership had been discussed.

Hearings will continue at the end of the month.

A similar claim has been lodged by the Patriarch against the Jerusalem Municipality which, it is charged, is maintaining a public park near the President Hotel on lands of the Patriarchate.

Chaplin Sues Local Company

TEL AVIV. — Charles Chaplin, the noted film artist, on Tuesday filed a claim in the District Court through his local attorneys asking compensation from the "Yair Film" company for the allegedly unauthorized distribution of his 1921 silent film, "The Kid."

Mr. Chaplin states that the firm violated his copyright and damaged his good name. In September 1957, the firm began distributing prints of the film to various cinemas in Israel. Not only was this done without his knowledge or agreement, claims Mr. Chaplin, but the sound track accompanying the film was not his work and was not made with his knowledge or agreement.

The Court was asked to order the respondent to refrain from distributing, renting or using the film; to order an investigation for the purpose of fixing the amount of compensation owing the claimant by the cinemas which showed the film; and to obligate the respondent to pay damages for violating the copyright on the film and damaging the good name of the claimant. *(Itim)*

Menuhin to Play Bloch Concerto

TEL AVIV. — Yehudi Menuhin will present the Israel premiere of the Bloch Violin Concerto with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra under the baton of M. Jean Fournet in the Mann Auditorium tonight.

Speaking to the press at Beit Sokolow on Tuesday, Mr. Menuhin described Bloch as "a Biblical, wild and pathetic figure." His concerto was definitely Jewish in feeling though Bloch had said that its inspiration came from the American Indians. It was proposed that Bloch, who has never been to Israel, be invited here from Oregon where he now lives.

Mr. Menuhin will also give an all-Bach solo recital in Tel Aviv on March 7. He will appear together with his sister, Hefzibah, who plays the piano, on March 16 in Jerusalem and on March 17 in Tel Aviv.

The Fromm Foundation of the U.S., at the initiative of Mr. Menuhin, has invited Oedoen Partos, the Israel composer, to write a violin concerto for him, Mr. Zvi Haftel, of the I.P.O. management, reported.

M. Fournet introduced Miss Aviva Einhorn, a young Israel pupil of his, as a "very talented conductor." She has led several orchestras in France and will take the baton with the Kol Yisrael orchestra on March 31.

73919 WINS IL5,000

TEL AVIV. — Prizes won in the Popular Loan (1949-1969) drawing here yesterday were: 73919 — IL5,000; 73182 — 2,500; 67681—1,000; 127849, 78043, 109844 and 21327 — IL500 each; 50223, 48262, 15210, 8634, 42395, 109500, 124708 and 65531 — IL250 each; 133816, 90086, 12074, 143182,144481, 72844, 96653, 59006, 145239 and 31151 — IL150 each.

There were also prizes for IL100 and IL50.

RASSCO TO INVEST IN CITRUS ORCHARDS

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The Rassco-Israel Corporation of New York will invest in 800 dunams of citrus orchards, construction of a commercial centre in Beersheba and in the expansion of similar existing centres in Tiberias and Naharlya in 1959. This was revealed by the Firm's President, Judge Bernard Rosenblatt, who arrived here on Tuesday for a short visit.

He told reporters that the company's investments in Israel had grown from $850,000 in 1957 to $1,845,000 in 1958. There was a good chance that this sum would rise to well over $3m. in 1959, he added.

AGRON DUE SATURDAY

Jerusalem Mayor Gershon Agron is scheduled to return to Israel on Saturday night after a five-week visit to the U.S. on behalf of the Histadrut Campaign and the U.J.A. and to get assistance for Jerusalem projects.

Cables in Brief

MIDGETS.—The British Admiralty is to sell three midget submarines built for development purposes. The 35-ton, five-crew submarines, the Sprat, Minnow and Shrimp had been in commission for 21, 23 and 16 months, respectively.

STOOGE. — Singapore's Minister of Education, Mr. Chew Swee Kee, resigned on Tuesday on the eve of a debate on an opposition motion which he described as "an attempt to brand me as a stooge of some foreign power."

CAMEROONS. — The U.A.R., Ghana and four other African nations have jointly tabled a resolution in the U.N. General Assembly's Trusteeship Committee calling for fresh elections in the French Cameroons before that territory becomes independent on January 1, 1960.

ERHARD. — West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer on Tuesday told a meeting of his Christian Democratic Party that Professor Ludwig Erhard, the Economics Minister, had declined to stand as a candidate for the presidency.

'Teacher Tossed Bomb Into Waste Basket'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Police last week temporarily detained two teachers from a Jerusalem school who were alleged to have acted negligently when one of their pupils brought them a hand grenade which he had found, the Ministry of Education told *The Jerusalem Post* on Tuesday.

One of the teachers was said merely to have left the bomb lying about without taking any precautions, while the second, when also told about the grenade by the pupil who had discovered it, had tossed it into a waste-paper basket.

The bomb had been found by the boy while playing in a wood.

The Ministry of Education spokesman stressed that the teachers should have immediately notified the police, at the same time ensuring that their pupils were out of harm's way. He added that the police had detained the two teachers because of the grave consequences resulting from negligence in handling explosives. It is not yet known whether charges will be preferred against them.

Tells Police He Lost Diamonds

TEL AVIV. — A diamond broker from Natanya, Eliahu Gurt, complained to police here Tuesday afternoon that he lost a package containing IL22,000 worth of diamonds while in the Diamond Exchange on Rehov Ahuza in the morning. The diamonds were insured. *(Itim)*.

12,500 Arabs, 1,000 Druse Have Full Histadrut Rights

TEL AVIV. — Nearly 12,500 Arab and over 1,000 Druse members of trades unions are now eligible for full membership in the Histadrut, including the right to vote in the forthcoming elections for its ninth convention, Mr. Melech Noy, head of the Labour Federation's Central Fees Bureau, told reporters here on Tuesday. Thus, including their families, over 30,000 members of the minority communities are already served by Histadrut social and mutual aid services, for which they pay IL800,000 annually, Mr. Noy added.

Explaining the work of the Bureau in helping prepare the Histadrut electoral register, which is based on the number of membership cards issued, he said there were 653,933 members enjoying voting rights on January 1. This was an increase of 144,014 members, or 28.2 per cent, over the number voting for the eighth convention in 1955.

Out of some 187,000 immigrants who have arrived since 1955, 39,720 had joined the Histadrut. Together with their families, the number totalled 109,230 persons. The number of persons served by the Histadrut on January 1 was 1,023,473, or 56.5 per cent of the adult population. Mr. Noy noted 47 per cent of the Federation's members were women.

The Bureau has registered 22,500 Cohen's, 15,000 Levi's, 7,000 Mizrahi's, 3,500 Klein's, 2,500 Segal's, and 2,500 Greenberg's.

Kol Yisrael Sets Up 2 New Departments

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Kol Yisrael has set up new departments which are to be headed by Mr. Yitzhak Shimoni, moderator of "Three in a Boat," and Mr. Nagdimon Rogel, Newsreel Editor, it is learned.

Mr. Shimoni will take over the Light Programme Department, which will combine the present entertainment and light music sections. Mr. Rogel will be Director of the Operations Department, which will take under its wing all outside broadcasts and studio procedure and coordination.

WOMAN DIES OF BURNS FROM KEROSENE STOVE

HAIFA. — Burns suffered when flames from a kerosene stove seared her face and body Monday proved fatal for Ahuva Mader, 21, at Giv'at Bilu, Hadera.

She succumbed to her injuries at the Rambam Hospital on Tuesday.

Bicyclist Hits Woman And Flees

A 66-year-old Jerusalem woman received a serious head injury on Tuesday when she was hit by a bicycle while crossing Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka. The woman, Mrs. M. Schwartz, of 25 Rehov Alfassi, was taken to Hadassah Hospital. Police are looking for the bicyclist who fled the scene of the accident. *(Itim)*

HEARTIEST CONGRATULATIONS AND BEST WISHES TO
ARIEH (Lionel) PEYTAN
and family, on the occasion of the birth of his second grandson.
The staff of the
GOVERNMENT PRESS OFFICE

Congratulations and best wishes to
Mr. and Mrs. E. TH. GELBER
on the occasion of the marriage of their son
MICHAEL
FREIGHT DIVISION
Zim Israel Navigation Company

The Israel Bond Organization
extends sincere congratulations to
Rabbi and Mrs. David de Sola Pool
and
Mr. and Mrs. Irving Elias
on the dedication of
Nahlat Rabbi David and Tamar de Sola Pool.

We wish to thank all those who expressed their condolences on the death of our beloved husband, father and brother,
Dr. Arthur Rosenbaum
In the name of the family:
ERNA ROSENBAUM

With deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved mother, sister, mother-in-law and grandmother
Chaya Gitl Bergman (nee LICHTMAN)
The funeral procession will leave today, March 4, 1959 at 10 a.m. from Avichayil Hospital, Jerusalem
The Bereaved Families
BERGMAN
GASSNER
MILLER
HERZ

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Tel Aviv — Mann Auditorium at 8.30 p.m.
SOLO RECITAL
YEHUDI MENUHIN
SATURDAY, March 7
ALL BACH PROGRAMME
SALE TO GENERAL PUBLIC opens TODAY, Wednesday, March 4, at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Huberman)
Daily 10-1, 4-6; Friday: 10-1.
Prices IL2.500 to IL7.500
Usual reduction to I.P.O.A. members
(Voucher "Recital No. 3" — Pink)

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THE JERUSALEM
POST

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Wednesday, March 4, 1959
24 Adar A, 5719. 25 Sha'ahan, 5719

CYPRUS OUTLOOK

NOW that a giant stride forward has been taken towards the solution of the Cyprus problem, attention should be focused on the problems remaining to be solved — and they are formidable. This is not to say that the self-congratulations of the negotiators and of all those affected by the issue are not justified. On the contrary, the problem had grown intractable out of all proportion to its intrinsic solubility, disrupting the Atlantic alliance and constituting a grievous disfigurement on the physiognomy of Western colonial policy. The fact that agreement was reached so speedily at Zurich and London (presenting the British and Archbishop Makarios with little less than a **fait accompli**), should give pause for thought about the blood spilled and treasure wasted till this point was reached. Some of the blame must certainly be attached to the inflexibility and unimaginativeness of the British position.

The complete transfer of sovereignty is to take place by February 19, 1960. Cyprus will be a republic with a Greek president and a Turkish vice-president, each elected by his respective community for a period of five years. The president and vice-president shall have, "separately and conjointly" a final veto over decisions of the Council of Ministers, or any law passed by the House of Representatives dealing with foreign affairs and a number of specified defence matters. All other aspects of government will be similarly divided.

Thus it is evident that the Greeks and the Greek Cypriots have made the greatest concessions by the agreement, surrendering the possibility of **enosis** or of a Greek hegemony in Cyprus. While Greek Cypriots are at present unified in greeting the returning Archbishop, and the new arrangement, it would be misleading to assume that all are equally enthusiastic about the solution that has been reached, and the Cypriot Left is believed to be particularly reserved, if not actually hostile to the arrangement reached, considering it to be something of a sell-out to the West. Thus the great task before the Cypriot leaders — above all those of the Greeks — is to convince their populace that the agreement is to their advantage, and that it constitutes a substantial victory for their cause after all these years of suffering and violence.

The determination of the position of Colonel Grivas, alias Dighenis, the leader of the underground Eoka movement, will also be a touchstone of flexibility and diplomacy. In fact, the case of Col. Grivas raises the whole question of the dispersal of the underground and its integration into a normal, peaceful civil life — no easy matter as all the recently created states have had occasion to experience, Israel included, for the habit of violence dies hard.

In the long run, however, it may well be the wisdom or unwisdom of their approach to the island's economic problems that will determine the success of the Cypriot leadership. The island is suffering from a serious bout of inflation as a result of the recent years of tension and emergency. There are observers who feel that Cyprus can become economically viable only with a perceptible lowering of its standard of living — and none of the new states, fighting for initial stability, has shown any inclination to lower living standards. It would be a proper irony indeed if Cyprus were to opt for membership in the British Commonwealth for perfectly sound economic reasons. In any case, it is to be hoped that the bold decisions taken at Zurich and London will be followed up with wise leadership and popular support on Cyprus itself as it faces the future.

Letter from Paris

By Maurice Carr

FRANCE WARY ON BERLIN THREAT

At a Paris conference table, General Charles de Gaulle presides over the first meeting of the Executive Council of the French Community, formed of the leaders of all the overseas possessions which voted in the recent referendum to keep up their ties with the Fifth Republic.

Express Photo

THE French press and radio have been lavish with mock sympathy for Mr. Macmillan during his discomfiture in Moscow. Paris took unkindly to his reconnaissance mission from the start, and warned London that the Russians might interpret it as a sign of weakness under the shadow of the Berlin ultimatum.

There was also some nervousness here lest the British and the Russians get together to wreck the Common Market, the incipient union between France, Federal Germany, Italy and Benelux. Messrs. Khrushchev and Macmillan could conceivably have attempted to lure Bonn away from the Common Market by a promise that Germany would be reunified if she became a neutral buffer between East and West and if she held herself aloof from pan-European combinations. What then?

There was no need to worry, however, for it is now plain that Mr. Khrushchev had other plans. The intransigent attitude he adopted can only mean that he has absolutely no intention of slackening his grip on Eastern Germany, which, after the withdrawal of Russian troops, will yet remain firmly hitched to the Soviet chariot through the Warsaw Pact. The Russian calculation would appear to be the following. Sooner or later the German urge for reunification will become acute, if not irresistible. If only the Pankow regime sits tight enough, eventually Bonn will come round to accepting the Kremlin's terms for reunification. This process, moreover, will be hastened if the Western Powers suffer a reverse in Berlin and are shown up before the Germans as impotent, unreliable allies.

Clarified Situation

Mr. Macmillan's trip to Moscow was worth while, the French now concede, for it did at least help to clarify the situation. The problem confronting President de Gaulle and Chancellor Adenauer at their hurriedly arranged meeting here this week was twofold. First, how to avoid a disastrous Western retreat from Berlin and yet avert the even greater catastrophe of a war. Secondly, how to accelerate and render irreversible the process of Federal Germany's economic, political and spiritual integration with Western Europe.

The French Fifth Republic does not do its official thinking aloud, but certain basic French concepts are known. President de Gaulle has never shunned the idea of a summit meeting, provided that the time is well chosen and that the Western Powers go to it knowing precisely what they do and do not want.

As far as Berlin is concerned, the West has definite treaty rights there, and to abandon these under duress would be fatal. At the same time, Russia cannot actually be prevented from evacuating the territory, if she wishes to do so. It will not really be a tragedy if thereafter the West accords *de facto* recognition to the Pankow regime, whose existence cannot be denied and can even be tolerated, so long as the Western treaty rights in Berlin are not interfered with. What if Pankow tries to oust the West from Berlin? That would be a war-like challenge on the part of the Soviet bloc, and perhaps the beginning of the end of world civilization.

Must be Firm

It is not believed here that the Russians will carry ICBM intimidation to the point of no return, of a global conflagration. It therefore behoves the West to stand firm. This does not mean, on the other hand, that nothing can or should be done to attenuate the cold war. Even if the division of Germany is accepted for an indefinite period (François Mauriac once said that he so loves Germany, he prefers two Germanies to one), East and West can agree that, as a first step towards disarmament, neither half of Germany shall be allowed to manufacture or possess atomic weapons. This would reassure the Russians and keep others happy, too, including the French, who will not object to the closing of the "Atomic Club" membership list once they have joined as they are expected to do shortly.

As for Western European integration, there is still a hope, admittedly faint, that Britain may yet be willing to throw her lot in with the Common Market countries and so reinforce "Little Europe," which even as it stands represents a potential industrial and human force equal to that of the United States of America.

For its future greatness and prosperity, Western Europe looks to a mutually profitable partnership with the underdeveloped African continent. A new free Eurafrican community has to be established, superseding the old colonialist system.

Army Under Control

As always, the Algerian conflict obtrudes into the picture. Once again, as so often in the past, peace seems to be almost within grasp. Will its achievement once more be thwarted by external factors, such as massive Chinese aid for the F.L.N., or another uprising by the European ultras in Algeria?

Today, at any rate, President de Gaulle has the army and the settlers under control, and enjoys the confidence of the Moslem masses in Algeria. The F.L.N. forces have been very hard hit in recent months, and may be even more seriously hurt, if not trounced, in the spring offensive which the French army is known to be mounting. Some of the more reasonable F.L.N. leaders, among them Ferhat Abbas, head of the so-called Algerian Provisional Government in Cairo, are reported to be in favour of a settlement while the guerrilla troops are still in the field — and while President de Gaulle remains the undisputed master of France.

President Bourguiba of Tunisia has declared in an interview with the French daily, "Le Figaro," that the F.L.N. cannot gain a military victory and that, if he were an F.L.N. man, he would have accepted Gen. de Gaulle's offer to discuss in Paris the "peace of the brave." The inference is clear. For his own part, the Tunisian President has announced that he is willing to cede the naval base of Bizerta to France, if the Algerian trouble can be got out of the way, and he has stated that he would be glad to pay a visit to President de Gaulle.

King Mohammed V of Morocco has intimated that he, too, wishes to see President de Gaulle, and he may do so very soon. Both Morocco and Tunisia now seriously entertain the possibility of their adhesion to the French Association of independent countries as a means of resolving the enormous difficulties of technological development and economic and social emancipation. First, however, there has to be peace with justice in Algeria. Maybe the happy ending will come there as suddenly as it did in Cyprus.

Meanwhile, the bold fiscal reforms launched in France at the beginning of the year have — so far — proved a great success. After the devaluation of the franc, the equivalent of $600m. of foreign hard currency has poured into the country. Domestic prices, which were expected to go up at least seven per cent after the franc had been depreciated by 17½ per cent, have actually risen less than four per cent. Exports have soared and, for the first time in many a long year, are equal to imports; there is no external trade deficit for February. The balance sheet is so favourable that the Government has deferred a national loan which was to have been issued this month.

All would be well but for the spread of unemployment — 170,000 men and women are wholly out of work, and 600,000 on short time. Compared with the 1,300,000 workless in Germany, 1,200,000 in Italy, 170,000 in Belgium and 100,000 in Holland, France is not doing too badly. To make sure, however, that the recession does not turn into a slump, the Debré Government has decided to promote large-scale investments and undertake public works, besides loosening up credit restrictions so that there shall be fewer idle hands in the country.

After years of chronic political crisis in France, the absence of tension creates a sort of aching emotional void. Fortunately, the scandals — the Guillaume-Lacaze affair, the "Pink Ballets," and more latterly the "Blue Ballets," part of a vast accumulation of dirty linen from the past which has now begun to be washed in public — provide a daily fund of public entertainment free of charge. After all, the best things in life, and that goes for the precocious spring sunshine in which Paris is now basking, are free...

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

New Speaker Welcomed

Al Hamishmar (Mapam), which congratulates Mr. Nahum Nir on his election to the Knesset speakership, makes it clear that Mapam voted for him not out of demonstration against anyone but because it considered him best qualified for the post. The paper wishes him a long and fruitful career and hopes that he will continue to guide the House along the traditions and in the good spirit laid down by the late Yosef Sprinzak.

Ha'aretz (non-party) writes that Mr. Nir now symbolizes the sum total of all parties in the Knesset and any attempts to "settle accounts" with him for Mapai's setback will be slurring the House rather than harming the man or his party. The public has the right to ask all those who voted against him to forget their opposition.

Davar (Histadrut) explains that the fight that preceded the election was generated by Ahdut Ha'avoda's joining forces with Herut and thus breaking the labour solidarity front. Pointing out that this turned the Knesset into an arena of class struggle, the paper severely castigates Ahdut Ha'avoda for its unsocialistic behaviour.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) writes that the Knesset is vitally concerned with guarding Israel's young parliamentarism against the dangers of administrative convenience and weariness with democracy. The idea of one party acting as though it had a monopoly on every key office is intolerable and there is no doubt that by electing Mr. Nir the Knesset members have expressed their desire to preserve democratic parliamentarism.

Herut writes that Mr. Nir received its backing both for his proved ability and for his past performance as a Zionist and Israeli. It adds that his election breaks the chain of Mapai successes and marks the beginning of that party's decline. **Haboker** (General Zionist) also feels that the hypnotic grip with which Mapai seems to have held the public in thrall has now been loosened, while **Hatzofe** (National Religious) writes that by casting its vote in favour of Mr. Nir, its faction helped defeat a party which introduced unseemly methods into what should have been a dignified election.

The lesson that emerges from yesterday's election, writes **Yediot Aharonot**, is that Mapai has a decisive say in the Knesset only when the other parties fight each other and so long as they fail to put up a united front. And Mapai's setback is its own doing, for it could have gracefully backed out of the contest and upheld the traditionally unanimous election of the Speaker.

Glubb: Arab Attack on Israel Would Be Disastrous for Jordan

By JESSE ZEL LURIE

WASHINGTON. — SIR John Bagot Glubb, commander of the Arab Legion during Israel's War of Independence, told a group of press reporters and Arab students here, "I was on the wrong side" in 1948. Your reporter was so astonished that he asked him: "Do you really mean that?" He should have, because he lost thereby a beautiful headline. Here is the full story.

Glubb "Pasha" opened a coast-to-coast lecture tour, which will take him to 28 cities in about as many days, here in mid-February. About a thousand persons paid a dollar and a half each to hear him speak under the joint auspices of the English-Speaking Union and the Middle East Institute. From 20 to 30 per cent of the audience appeared to be Arab diplomats and students. The Jewish community ignored the affair.

After a rather sedate lecture on the history and problems of the Arab lands as he saw them, in which he tried to explain British actions but said that he would "never defend them," several reporters, including this correspondent, sat down with Glubb in a corner of the hall for an impromptu press conference. We were surrounded by a group of 30 or 40 Arab students who identified themselves as Palestinians.

Jordan's Miracle

During the public session, Glubb had said that it was "miraculous that Jordan had survived for the last ten years." Prior to 1948, he explained, Jordan made ends meet by exporting cheap agricultural products through Haifa. Now transport to Beirut was so expensive that these exports were no longer possible and the cost of Jordan's imports doubled between Beirut and Amman. As to the Arab Legion, which he had trained, keeping Hussein in power, he said: "No number of regiments, good or bad, are sufficient" to keep a regime in power. There were "several external factors," he added, which were of paramount importance in the preservation of Jordan's independence.

GLUBB PASHA

At the press conference, therefore, I asked him to elaborate on these "external factors." First he mentioned Hussein's personal courage, which was internal and not external. Then he admitted that what he really meant was that Nasser knew that any move against Jordan would impel "Israel to lop off a large chunk of Jordan."

"So it is actually Israel that is preserving Jordan's independence," I pressed the point.

He made a wry face. Obviously he disliked me putting it that bluntly. "In a way, yes," he reluctantly agreed.

When the reporters finished their questions, the Arab students took over. "Don't you think that a general war would start if Israel attacked Jordan?" a Lebanese asked. "No," he replied. "No one is going to rush to drop an atom bomb. The only result will be another chunk of territory for Israel."

Major Problem

"You didn't mention Israel in your speech," a Palestinian student commented. "What can be done about Israel?" he asked.

"He means can Israel be driven into the sea," a Washington reporter interjected.

"No, he doesn't," another Palestinian, who appeared to be the leader of the group, heatedly replied. Glubb's soothing voice stopped the exchange:

"Israel is the major problem in the area," said Sir John, "but I don't think anything can be done about it at all." Then he went on to talk about the refugees and said that "more could be done towards solving this problem." I asked him for some specific suggestions but he didn't have any.

The first Palestinian student then continued the questioning:

"Do you think that Israel will continue her expansionist policies?"

"I really know very little about Israel," Sir John replied. "I've never lived there."

"But you fought them," said the Arab.

"Yes, but I was on the wrong side, wasn't I?"

A chill fell over the group but Sir John didn't seem to notice it. I looked at the Arab students behind me. Their open mouths and bulging eyes showed their consternation. Truth to tell, I was equally astonished:

"Do you really mean you fought on the wrong side?" I managed to ejaculate.

"Yes," he smiled. "I was on the wrong side to find out anything about the Israelis."

"Except their fighting capacity," I said to myself. Out loud I said, "There goes my headline," and everyone laughed.

Another Arab student began a diatribe about the Rumanian Communists flocking into Israel with the financial support of American Zionists, but Sir John interjected, "That's really out of my field," and his American manager, Lee Keedick, broke up the session with the remark that Sir John had to be in Boston the following day. His appearance there was at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Deliberately Deceived

The next day I was surprised to read in the Jewish Telegraphic Agency bulletin that "the Balfour Declaration is seen by Glubb Pasha as the root cause of all present Middle East difficulties."

What he had said was that the Balfour Declaration conflicted with promises to the Arabs, and "both sides claim they were deliberately deceived." After studying all the available documents and speeches of the time, Sir John had come to the conclusion that "the British did not intend to deceive but did not imagine that the promises to the Jews would conflict with Arab nationalism." He quoted Lord Cecil who said at the time:

"Britain wants to see all the Ottoman subjects free: the Arabs free in Arabia, the Armenians free in Armenia and the Jews free in Judea."

As mentioned above, Glubb did not in his formal address mention Israel or the Arab-Israel war in which he played an important role. The nearest he came to it was this sentence:

"In 1948 the British left (Palestine), leaving a problem which the whole world hasn't been able to solve."

HEARD ABROAD

While Mr. Macmillan, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, Sir Patrick Reilly, Mr. Con O'Neill and Mr. Ralph Murray are busy in Moscow, let's have a quick coup and Home Rule for the English. —

Letter to "The Times" of London.

Oh, I do like Mr. Macmillan. He is tremendously on our side.

Mr. Randolph Churchill

The Russians have now embarked upon an economic war against us. It is a war they cannot possibly win.

Mr. Harry Truman.

Homework Affects Children's Health

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The problem of the burden of studies referred to by "A Worried Parent" (your issue of today) is not to be taken lightly, and the answer by Mr. Uri Oren, although polite, recalls Mr. Ephraim Kishon's recent article on Public Relations Officers' replies to the public.

For instance: In the middle of last year the Bible programme (according to the class teacher) was suddenly revised in mid-year. Consequently a lot of material which had been learned was not required and a lot which was required had not yet been taught. Therefore, in order to pass exams this year, the teacher had to tell the pupils to learn it at home. My child's class (Het) is now learning Vav grammar. How can anyone expect a child to reach the norm when it has not even been shown the subject, especially when his foreign-educated parents cannot help him?

I could go on and on with each subject but I feel that it is not only the changed curriculum, not only poor teachers and foreign parents who influence the position today, but that the real mistake comes in having high-school level education for all children from the age of 10 or 11.

The system in practice when I studied in England seems to me to be far more advisable. All children received elementary school education until the age of 10 or 11. Those who passed their scholarship examinations went up to high school. Those who did not remained in the elementary school up to the age of 14 or 15 and received a good basic grounding in the three R's, subjects necessary to everybody, whether labourer or technician.

If, as happens here, from the age of 10 or 11 every child starts to learn a foreign language, plus elementary algebra, geometry, advanced history, geography and Bible, etc., then the poor student not only does not learn the subject but does not manage to get a grounding in the more elementary ones, and the clever child and the whole class is held back.

I should like to see the Ministry introduce a different system.

Yours, etc.
M. Z.
(Name and Address Supplied)
Tel Aviv, February 25.

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The reply of the spokesman of the Ministry of Education and Culture would almost be amusing if it were not tragic in its consequences and in the lack of understanding by our authorities which it displays.

A parent complains of serious over-work for his teenage daughter in the highest form of the secondary school, adding that the girl is neither a weak student nor in other ways different from her fellow pupils. He rightly points out the danger to health—mental and physical — which this overstrain is likely to constitute. A problem is raised: the undue emphasis on examinations that some teachers tend to show, and the strange, but not unique phenomenon of the Ministry's adding further material to the programme of studies at the last minute.

It would be interesting to have a glance at the health statistics compiled by the Army and to see how many of the defects discovered there might be avoided if studies were properly planned and distributed over all the school years.

The answer given by the spokesman does not deal with any of these aspects. The question is not whether the examination demands a certain effort — the "worried parent" did not deny this—but whether the Ministry, through its inspectors, checks up carefully whether teachers do their duty in the fifth, sixth and seventh forms. Many inspectors confine themselves to entering a class once a year, if at all, never ask for the copybooks, never check up on the grading of the papers, and never find out what has been achieved. On the contrary, it has become a habit with some of them to give a star-performance and to take over the lesson immediately and display their talents before a class only too prepared to admire the inspector.

May I re-state the questions Mr. Oren has not answered and expect to see them dealt with properly?

Why is it possible for the Ministry to answer that "a great deal depends upon the manner in which studies were organized by the school"? Is not this the Ministry's job and what, if not strict supervision of the school's activities, are its functions in this respect?

Why did the Minister add further material in the current school year, a practice to be condemned in any case but certainly most unjustifiable in a year when a teachers' strike shortens the period of teaching considerably?

If work had been properly mapped out for teachers—for example, if it were made obligatory for teachers to have reached certain standards at the end of each year and if this were subject to checks by the inspectors—there would be no need for the overstrain mentioned. There would be a certain emotional tension, bad enough, indeed inevitable, but not the formidable pile of uncompleted reading etc., that tends to depress and frighten the best pupil.

May I add another problem only hinted at in the letter? The undue emphasis on exams has another important aspect. There is the practice in our high schools of allowing teachers to give their pupils a "protective" mark before the matriculation examinations, in order to forestall the dangers of purely incidental achievements that are inevitable in written exams. Many teachers misunderstand this institution and instead of considering the mark an opportunity of ironing out possible injustices, give it not on the strength of years of performance, but according to the results achieved in a *Bhinat Magen* i.e. an examination planned exactly like the final examination, so as to be sure that the protective mark coincides with the one that will be received.

In general, brief letters are an admirable practice and should be encouraged, but in this case Mr. Oren would have done better to answer the questions raised instead of giving a non-committal and routine answer.

Yours, etc.
ALIZA LEVENBERG
Tel Aviv, February 25.

Readers' Letters

MUSICAL DIARY

Mixed Bag

Eighteenth Chamber Music Concert. Braha Tsfira, contralto; Ben Ami Silber and Raphael Marcus, violins; Hanoch Jacoby, viola; Jacob Menze, cello; Uri Shoham, flute; Peter Simanor, clarinet (Tel Aviv Museum, February 25). Works by Haydn, Jacoby, Ben Haim, J.C. Bach, Mozart, Orgad, Lakner, Alexander and Braun.

EVEN the warmest protagonists of programming variety must have had serious reservations about this curious and daring mixture of Haydn and Mozart with modern arrangements of oriental tunes.

Braha Tsfira's singing was the highlight of the evening. This great creator of the artistic Oriental Israel singing style again proved her musical abilities, if also her limitations. A wide diapason or variety of expression now seem beyond her vocal possibilities; yet there could have been no better interpreter for a wide variety of songs from Ben Haim's "Yemenite Tunes" to Alexander's "Pitcher."

Orgad's "Morning Stars" and "Celestial Spheres" were the outstanding Israel works. This composer has really found his way, and displays surprising depth of expression. Hanoch Jacoby had an interesting string setting of two songs by Ibn Gavirol. Lakner contributed a beautiful tune to words from the Song of Songs and Braun struck a rather light and sparkling note in his song, "Luminary."

The string ensemble was rather disappointing. Haydn's very solemn op. 51 no. 82 sounded coarse and lacked dynamic refinement. The players improved with their performance of J. Ch. Bach's Quintet, displaying some real rococo spirit, mainly due to Uri Shoham's effort.

B. BAR-AM

Restitution for Property Confiscated In Former Nazi-Occupied Territories

The final date for the submission of claims in Germany is MARCH 31, 1959

The Federal German Restitution Law entitles victims or their heirs to lodge claims for goods confiscated not only in Germany but in any of the former nazi-occupied countries as well, i.e. **France, Belgium, Holland, Poland, Austria, Yugoslavia and Hungary**, on condition that proof can be supplied that the goods confiscated were brought to West Germany or Berlin.

The following articles were generally transferred to West Germany by the Germans:

Jewellery
Gold and Silver Objects
Foreign Currency
Goods
Equipment and Machinery of Factories and Workshops

It is essential that parties interested in submitting such claims apply **immediately** to any of the claims offices to ensure submission of their claims in good time.

Persons wishing to submit these claims themselves can obtain the necessary forms at offices of the Ministry of Finance, at any of the following addresses:

JERUSALEM — Ruppin Road.
TEL AVIV — 7 Rehov Dalet, Hakiryah.
HAIFA — Barclays Bank Building, 65 Derech Ha'atzmaut.

Claims should be despatched, by airmail, to the following address:

Haupttreuhaender fuer Rueckerstattungsvermoegen Berlin W 30, Nuernbergerstr. 53/55.

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